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1871



1936

SUNKEN GARDEN
AT GILLET NURSERY

THE FELIX GILLET NURSERY

1936

C. E. PARSONS, Proprietor

NEVADA CITY, CALIFORNIA

NEWS! What's New Is NEWS!

IF YOU ARE BUYING PLANTS TO ORNAMENT YOUR GROUNDS, this catalog is designed to help you. A new size page, new arrangement, new helps in way of **SIZE AND FORM SELECTORS**, **NEW LOW PRICES**, New Prepaid Transportation. On the opposite page you will find grouped over 40 kinds of shrubs bearing showy and decorative berries. If you are a bird lover, groupings of this type of plant about your Bird Bath will attract many new feathered friends. On page 10, 39 kinds of **SHADE TREES** are offered. Few are the homes that cannot use one or more shade trees. Note also that the nut bearing trees, ten kinds of which are offered, make dual purpose shade trees. News known to few, is that **FEDERAL HOUSING LOANS** may be obtained for trees and plants to improve your grounds. Ask your Banker or us about this.

Ask Us For Any Help That This Catalog Does Not Offer

We Carry in Stock Many Kinds of Plants That We Do Not Catalog—Tell Us Your Wants

Please Observe the Following When Ordering

OUR NURSERY, 2600 feet above sea level, in the Sierra Nevada of **NORTHERN CALIFORNIA**, produces hardy plants that ripen up, as they should, in the fall and are in perfect condition for planting long before those produced at lower elevations and latitudes. Our latitude is the same as Southern Ohio. **WE CAN SHIP ANYWHERE.** No mealy bug, white fly or other pests are found here.

SHIPPING SEASON—From October 25th to May 1st. Stocks in pots and cans, at any time. **FILBERTS**, November 15th to March 15th.

ORDER EARLY—Place your orders as far in advance as possible. We can give you better selection and service by having the order in hand before the rush season is on. It is better to have your stock shipped before you are actually ready to plant, if possible, heeling it in on your grounds. **How to heel in trees**, see below. Movement of nursery stock is governed by weather conditions.

SUBSTITUTIONS—None made unless so instructed.

ADJUSTMENTS—We promptly and cheerfully correct any errors made by us, if promptly advised on receipt of stock.

TERMS—Cash with order, or on orders placed long in advance of shipping date, 25% cash will hold same. Expense of handling will not permit acceptance of **tree orders** for less than \$1.00, unless called for at the nursery, except where marked **Postpaid**. **Parcel Post charges must be included; any excess will be refunded** or extra plants sent for same. Freight and express are paid by purchaser, except as noted.

CALIFORNIA STATE TAX—State law requires us to collect 3% tax on all sales for shipment within the State. Please add this to your remittance. **Shipments to points outside California require no tax.**

Five trees or plants OF A KIND at 10 rate; 50 at 100 rate, except as noted.

Prices in This Catalog Supersede All Previous Quotations and are Subject to Change.

How to Plant and Care for Trees and Shrubs

SET BALLED PLANTS THIS WAY



How to Plant Evergreens

- (1) Immerse earth-ball in water until well moistened, but not until soft.
- (2) Dig hole a foot larger and deeper than earth-ball.
- (3) Lift tree by earth-ball (not by stem) into hole. Fold back top of burlap, but don't remove.
- (4) Tamp good top soil around ball.
- (5) Fill hole with water, then finish filling hole with soil, leaving top soil loose. Mulch with leaves or manure.
- (6) If large tree, tie to stake.

Wire Tags. Should be removed when planting or they will girdle tree.

Safety and Protection. In nearly all cases it is advisable to give the trunk of the trees protection to guard against sunburn. This is done by giving the trunk a thorough whitewashing to the first branches and then wrapping loosely with burlap. Sunburn induces borers to enter the tree. **See page 16 for Tree Protectors.**

The Importance of Staking. Most deciduous trees should be firmly staked when planted, as this will prevent heavy winds from loosening them and insure a straight growth. In fastening the tree to the stake, wrap some burlap around the body of the tree first so as to prevent chafing.

After Care. While of the greatest importance, proper planting is only the beginning. Trees may live even though neglected, but will fail to render the satisfaction and pleasure that is possible if well cared for. Never let trees get dry during the first summer. When you irrigate, see that they get a thorough soaking. This is vastly better than giving them a little water at a time. Keep the ground around your plants and trees thoroughly loose. A good mulch is a great help. Our stock properly planted and cared for will repay any little additional expenditure of time and money, by adding in increasing measure to the attractiveness of the garden and home.

Pruning Ornamentals. With sharp knife trim off broken roots and bruised ends of roots of all deciduous trees and shrubs. The tops of deciduous trees and shrubs should be pruned in proportion to the amount of roots lost in transplanting. Usually remove 1/3 of growth on deciduous trees and shrubs. Most evergreens from cans or that are balled need no pruning when planted. **If requested to do so we will prune back all plants before shipping.** Do not top Birch trees, although the lateral branches may be shortened in.

1871 — OUR GUARANTEE — 1936

Sixty-five Years' Continuous Service of This Nursery
Is Your Guaranty of Fair and Liberal Dealing

Replacement—In the event that any nursery stock sold by us should prove untrue to name under which it is sold, we hereby agree on proper proof of such untruthfulness to name to replace that portion of the order proved untrue to name, or to refund the purchase price thereof. Except for such liability, and in respect to all nursery stock or seeds sold by us, we give no warranty, express or implied, other, than that all stock is guaranteed to pass government inspection.

Out of State Orders. Every shipment will carry a certificate of inspection issued by the Agricultural Commissioner of this county. We endeavor to keep ourselves informed on the quarantine laws affecting shipments of nursery stock to any point in the United States, to prevent any delay in the forwarding of orders.

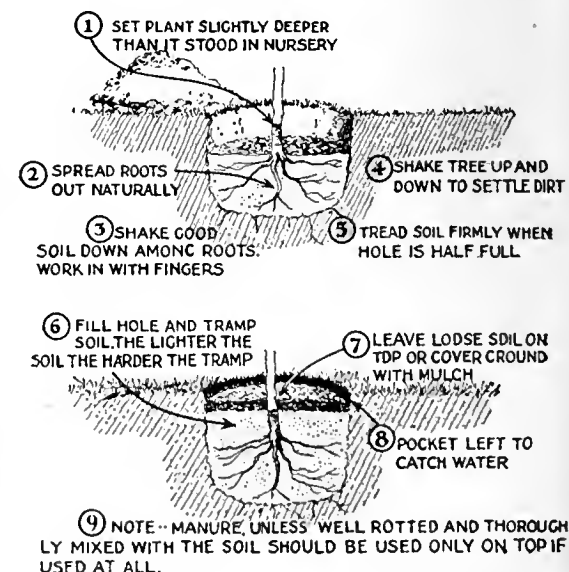
Bank Reference:

Bank of America, N. T. & S. Association,
Nevada City, Calif. Courtesy requires that you send them a stamped return envelope.

How To Heel-in Trees

Unpack them without exposing the roots to the air longer than necessary. Dig a trench in loose soil 2 feet wide and 14 inches deep. Cut strings and put the trees in side by side and cover the roots with fine earth, being careful that it is well filtered in among the roots to keep them moist. Water copiously when the trench is half full; fill trench to same depth as trees stood in the nursery row. Lean trees toward south-west.

SET PLANTS WITH BARE ROOTS THIS WAY



BERRIED In Great Array---42 Kinds

SHRUBS

Red Berries Black Berries
Pink Berries Blue Berries

COTONEASTER

Handsome shrubs, leaves of varying shades of green; flower minute, usually white or pinkish; berries of many hues and colors varying from orange to

UPRIGHT COTONEASTERS

C. buxifolia. Bushy, erect growth. 4 ft. Dark green, rather small round leaves. Partly deciduous. Red berries, remaining for several months. 3 to 4 ft., \$1.75.

C. Franchetti. 6 ft. Fast growing, upright arching branches, leaves dark green on top; silvery beneath. Older leaves turn red in fall. Many orange-red berries scattered over the branches in the winter. 18 to 24 inch, 50c; balled, 2 to 3 ft., \$1.00; 3 to 4 ft., \$1.25.

C. heroveana. 6 ft. One of the finest upright growing Cotoneasters. Semi-drooping habit. Brilliant red berries. Some of the leaves turn red in fall. Bushy, field grown plants. 3 to 4 ft., \$1.50, \$1.75; 4 to 5 ft., \$2.00.

C. pannosa. "Silverleaf Cotoneaster." 8 ft. Leaves soft gray green, the under sides a silvery color. White flowers followed by masses of dull silvery red berries, which remain all fall and winter. Fast growing and of graceful loose habit. 30 to 36 inch, 75c; 3 to 4 ft., \$1.25 and up. Fairly hardy.

C. parneyi. 8 ft. The finest foliage and the showiest berries. Foliage much larger than other Cotoneasters, with big clusters of immense brilliant red berries in the fall and winter. Full sun. Potted, 35c.

ARBUTUS

A. unedo. "Strawberry Tree." (S.) 10 ft. Moderate sized shrub, attractive foliage. White flowers in winter months and with them the large red strawberry-like fruit of previous season. Showy and handsome. 50c, 75c, \$1.00.

BERBERIS. Barberry

They add a great deal of charm to our gardens by their fall coloring and numerous berries of all shades and tints of blue and red, as well as their bright yellow or orange flowers in spring. Will grow under all conditions except dense shade and wet situations.

B. elegans. 6 ft. Handsome spreading shrub; slender branches, grayish leaves. Violet colored berries. 1½ to 2 ft., 75c; 2 to 2½ ft., \$1.25.

B. gagnepaini. 6 ft. A bushy plant with arching branches and long toothed, glossy green leaves wavy at the margins, orange flowers, and blue berries. Ruddy fall color. 12 to 15 inch, 60c; 1½ to 2 ft., 85c; 2 to 3 ft., \$1.50.

B. sargentiana. 6 ft. A very handsome Barberry with large oblong leaves, deep green in color and graceful in form. Very hardy. 2 to 3 ft., \$1.50.

B. knighti. (S.) Leaves bright green, elongated and prickly; flowers bright yellow; berries blue. Balled. 1 to 1½ ft., 50c.

B. Thunbergi, atropurpurea. (Red Leaf Barberry) When planted in full sun, a rich purple all summer, and in fall fiery red and orange coloring. Purple berries. A beauty at all times. 24 to 30 inch, balled, \$1.00.

ELEAGNUS

E. pungens reflexa. "Silverberry." 6 ft. A fine spreading shrub for part shade with leaves and stems covered with frosty, shiny scales, silvery on upper surface and bronze beneath. Tiny flowers in November, very fragrant. Berries are silvery. 2-3 ft., \$1.00; 3 to 4 ft., \$2.00; 18 to 24 inch, 75c.

E. pungens variegata. Very similar to the above, but leaves are margined with cream. 50c and up.

Golden leaf variety, rare; 75c to \$1.50.

EUONYMOUS

E. Alatus. "Winged Euonymous." S. 10 ft. Very interesting shrub with corky wings on branches. Bears profusion of red berries, followed by brilliant cerise colored foliage in fall. 12 to 18 inch, 90c; 18 to 24 inch, \$1.25.

ILEX. Holly

I. Verticillata. "Winter-berry." A handsome deciduous form of Holly. At its best in moist soil. The sparkling masses of crimson fruits which appear in October represent its greatest charm and carry its value far into winter. 4 to 5 ft., 90c. Berry bearing, \$1.25.

LONICERA

L. Tatarica rosea. 10 ft. Showy large shrub with pink flowers in spring, followed by red, currant-like berries. 18 to 24 inch, 40c.

bright scarlet. Unexcelled for grouping, corner effects and for edging large plantings of shrubbery borders and for rock gardens. Usually have in stock larger and smaller sizes than listed, of all varieties.

PROSTRATE COTONEASTERS

For Rock Gardens, Etc.

Size is determined by spread and not by height. **C. dammeri** (C. humifusa) (C. Prostrata). A new and most attractive variety. Spreads flat on the ground. Foliage oval and fairly large; berries abundant and exceptionally brilliant red. Potted, 50c, 75c.

C. gracilis. (R.) One of the choicest new creeping cotoneasters, very prostrate, rather slow growing, foliage is a little larger and brighter than that of C. rotundifolia; berries are bright rose red. Potted, 50c and 75c.

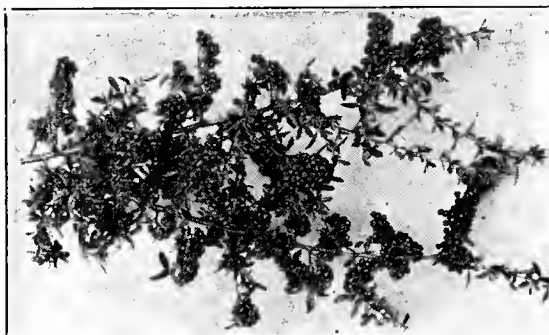
C. horizontalis. (R.) (S.) 2 ft. One of the best trailing shrubs. Branches grow almost on the ground. Leaves very small and turn red during winter. Flowers pinkish white. Berries bright red in great profusion, 35c to \$1.50 each. Hardy.

C. microphylla. (R.) Spreading habit, but semi-erect. Dark green foliage, evergreen. Berries rose-red. 35c to \$1.50. Quite hardy.

C. microphylla thymifolia. (R.) Very small leaves. Very dwarf. Excellent rock plant. Berries small coral-red, 50c to \$1.00.

C. buxifolia vellea. (R.) A dwarf gem of recent introduction, not growing over 3 feet. Leaves silvery and very small. Berries silvery-red, in great profusion. 75c.

Berries of Pyracantha Lelandi



ILEX. Holly

Holly prefers a moist, partially shaded location. We have a large stock on hand of various sizes, some of which are in berry.

I. Aquifolium. "English Holly." Ours are the kind with waved, prickly leaves that bear berries. The grafted plants are grafted from trees that berry heavily. One male plant is sent with each grafted tree, which should be planted in same hole or near the grafted plant.

Grafted Berry Bearing Female Plants with Male Plant. 12 to 15 inch, \$1.25; 15 to 18 inch, \$1.50; 18 to 24 inch, \$1.75.

Silver Variegated Leaf. 8 to 10 inch, 85c; 10 to 15 inch, \$1.00; larger, \$1.50 to \$2.50.

English Holly Seedling. 35c to 75c.

I. Cornuta. New. "Chinese Holly." Leaves similar to English Holly but rectangular. Red berries. Stands more heat than English Seedling plants. 15 to 18 inch, \$1.00 each; 18 to 24 inch, \$1.50, \$2.00.

I. Crenata. "Japanese Holly." Shrub-like. Dark green small leaves. Can be sheared to neat specimens. Black berries. 12 to 14 inch, 85c; 14 to 24 inch, \$1.00.

I. Opaca. "American Holly." 20 ft. Native of Eastern states. 24 to 30 inch, \$1.25; 30 to 36 inch, \$1.50. Seedlings only, some will berry. For plants that have berried, \$3.75 per pair.

NANDINA

Nandina domestica. "Heavenly Bamboo." 5 ft. (S.) Made up of a number of canes densely clothed with compound leaflets, bronzy red when young, dark green at maturity, and with beautiful coppery red tones in winter. Thrives in sun or shade; covered with showy clusters of red berries in winter. 1 ft. up to 2 ft., 50c to \$1.50.

GILLET'S

BERRY

BEARING

SHRUBS

POSTPAID RATES

—for Shrubs on This Page
Are Shown at Top of Page 5

PYRACANTHA. Firethorn

They are exceedingly valuable for the great wealth of bright colored berries which they furnish in the fall and winter, and which remain on the plant for many months. They naturally grow quite tall, but if pruned back severely once a year will make a low dense bush. Very hardy.

Pyracantha crenulata. 6 to 10 ft. Dark red berries scattered along the stems instead of in bunches. Leaves long, narrow, glossy, dark green. Grows slower and can be pruned lower than the other kinds. 2 to 3 ft., 75c and 85c.

P. crenulata yunnanensis. Splendid form of preceding; growth prostrate; foliage glossy; masses bright red berries, remain until early spring. Excellent for general ornamental planting; birds do not molest the fruit. 1½ to 2 ft., 50c; 2 to 3 ft., \$1.25.

P. Kansuensis. 8 ft. In the fall and winter it has more berries than leaves—a brilliant mass of bright yellow, and is a fast grower as well. 2 to 3 ft., \$1.25.

P. coccinea lalandi. (S.) 15 ft. Of strong growth, making long shoots that can be trained against a wall if desired. Berries orange yellow. 1½ to 2 ft., 50c; balled, 2 to 3 ft., \$1.00; 3 to 4 ft., \$1.25; 4 to 5 ft., \$1.75.

P. formosana. 8 ft. Possibly the showiest of all this group of berried plants, recently introduced from Formosa. A solid mass of brilliant red berries in fall and winter. 2 to 3 ft., \$1.25. Potted, 50c.

MAHONIA. Holly Grape

M. aquifolium. "Oregon Grape." (S.) 6 ft. Dark green leaves, coppery purple during winter. New growth very glossy. Flowers bright yellow. Clusters of blue berries from which a fine jelly is made. Does well in shade. 15 to 18 inch, 50c; 1½ to 2 ft., \$1.00; 2 to 3 ft., \$1.25. Specimens, \$1.50 to \$2.50.

M. bealei. "Japonica." Medium sized shrub, unique foliage; large, spiny, light green, turning yellow with age. Flowers yellow; berries blue. Suitable for shady location. Quite hardy. Potted, 50c to \$1.75.

M. pinnata. "California Barberry." This is, without exception, the finest low growing native decorative shrub. Leaves holly-like and blue, grows close to ground. Full sun. Flowers bright yellow, in long racemes; fruit blueblack; growth slow. 75c to 85c.

SYMPHORICARPOS. Snowberry

Valued for their ornamental fruit, which remains on the plants all winter. Of slender growth, with fine foliage. Does well in part shade. Fine for covering banks.

Coral Berry. "Red Snowberry." Habit compact. Loaded during fall and winter with dark red berries in dense clusters. 3 to 4 ft., 50c; 2 to 3 ft., 40c

S. chenaulti. "Improved Coral Berry." 5 ft. A lovely hybrid recently originated in the Arnold Arboretum. The numerous berries, considerably larger than the Coral Berry, are pink. Extremely graceful in habit with nearly evergreen lustrous foliage. Small pink and white flowers in June. Does well in sun or shade. 1½ to 2 ft., 40c; 2 to 3 ft., 60c.

GILLET'S CONE BEARING EVER- GREENS 63 Kinds

ABIES FIR

***A. Magnifica.** "Silver-tip fir" of the high Sierras. Splendid for Christmas tree. 8 to 12 in., 75c.

CEDRUS

C. Atlantica Glauca. "Blue Mt. Atlas Cedar." The foliage is a beautiful silvery blue. One of the very finest conifers for an accent point in the landscape. Grafted plants, 4 to 5 ft., \$3.50; 3 to 4 ft., \$2.75.

C. deodara, DEODAR; "Indian Cedar." Magnificent tree, a picture of grace and beauty. Pyramidal in outline; lower limbs lie on the ground, upper ones droop gracefully. Foliage of young trees decidedly blue, not so much so when older. Excellent Living Christmas Tree. 2 to 3 ft., \$1.00; 3 to 4 ft., \$1.50; 4 to 5 ft., \$3.00; 5 to 6 ft., \$4.00; 6 to 7 ft., \$5.00.

C. libani. "Cedar of Lebanon." Vigorous growth; wide-spreading, horizontal branches; dark green foliage; massive and picturesque. 6 to 7 ft., \$6.00; specimens 12 to 20 ft., in boxes.

CRYPTOMERIA. Plume Cypress

C. japonica elegans. "Plume Cypress." 12 ft. A low, dense, bushy tree with spreading branches, soft, wavy foliage, bright green changing to bronzy red in fall and winter. 3 to 4 ft., \$2.50; 30 to 36 in., \$1.00.

CHAMAECYPARIS

Trees valuable for garden and park purposes, and in the dwarf sizes admirably adapted to porch and interior decorations. Habit varies from almost dwarfs to very large trees.

***C. Lawsoniana nidiformis.** (R). "Birds' Nest Cypress." Rare beautiful variety. Branches fern-like, of dwarf habit. Best in part shade. A rich green in color. 6 to 8 in., \$1.00; 8 to 12 in., \$1.25.

C. Nootkatensis glauca. (R). "Blue Nootka Cypress." 10 ft. Rare. Handsome dwarf tree, pyramidal shape, with blue foliage; branchlets with slightly pendulous tips. 12 to 18 inch, \$1.50; 18 to 24 inch, \$2.00; 24 to 30 inch, \$2.50; 30 to 36 inch, \$3.50.

***C. Lawsoniana Stewarti.** "Winter Golden Cypress." One of the most satisfactory golden varieties, retaining its golden color throughout the year. Of rather slow growth, with feathery graceful foliage. 1 to 1½ ft., \$1.35.

C. Obtusa nana. (R). A very dwarf form. Famous miniature Japanese Cypress. A plant of artistic elegance for house window box or rock garden, \$1.50 to \$3.00.

C. obtusa Crippsi. 6 ft. A beautiful and rare species of the Japanese Hinoki Cypress with graceful arching flattened, fern-like foliage, dark green, shading to bright gold at the tips. Of small size and prefers partial shade. 24 to 30 inch, \$1.75.



Groupings or single specimens of the needed evergreens listed on these two pages add tone and distinction to a garden that no other class of plants can do. They grow better and more valuable each year. Of no other single thing you may purchase for the home (inside or out) can this be said, unless it be a rare painting or fine antique furniture.

CUPRESSUS. CYPRESS

Tall or medium sized trees, usually of rapid erect growth. They thrive in almost any good soil and are useful landscape material for quick or permanent effects. Cypress keep their form better with little or no irrigation.

C. Arizonica. "Arizona Cypress." 40 ft. Beautiful bluish-green cypress of narrow, pyramidal form. Suitable to the hot dry sections of the interior. Cans. 2 to 3 ft., 50c; 2 to 3 ft., balled, \$1.00.

***C. Macnabiana.** "MacNabs Cypress." 30 ft. Exceedingly rare in cultivation or in forest. Very beautiful evergreen with reddish brown branchlets and silvery green foliage. Highly suited to dry or shallow ledgy ground. Grows quite rapidly. May be pruned to low compact form. Has very pleasing odor. 4 to 5 ft., \$3.00. Trimmed specimens, \$2.50 up.

C. torulosa majestica. "Bhutan Cypress." 20 ft. Rare Pyramidal tree with drooping branchlets and dense soft bluish green foliage. Beautiful specimen tree. 5 to 6 ft., \$5.00; 6 to 7 ft., \$7.50.

C. Sempervirens. "Italian Cypress." Ours are the superior Royal type. Tall slender tree, erect branches having columnar effects. Useful subjects, for gateways, arches, etc. 3 to 4 ft., \$1.00; 4 to 5 ft., \$1.50.

*Means native of California.

(R) Means suitable for Rock Gardens.

JUNIPERS

PROSTRATE JUNIPERS

Sizes determined by spread not height.

J. chinensis procumbens. "Trailing Chinese Juniper." Prostrate creeping variety. Blue green foliage, making a mat close to ground. Hardy. 50c to \$1.50.

J. communis depressa plumosa. "Andorra Juniper." New and exceptionally fine prostrate juniper. During spring and summer, bright green in color, changing in winter to purple-bronze of an exceedingly rich shade. 12 to 18 inch, \$1.00.

J. Horizontalis Douglasi. (R.) "Waukegan Juniper." A creeping sort of soft blue foliage, not over six inches high. Rare and distinct from any other sort. 18 to 24 inch, \$1.75.

J. sabina tamariscifolia. A very fine creeping Juniper seldom more than one foot high and attaining a spread of 6 or 8 feet, making a dense, compact mat of gray-green foliage which never changes color. 12 to 18 inch, \$1.00.

J. chinensis sargentii blue. "Sargent Juniper." Forms low, dense mat of widespreading branches clothed with blue foliage. Hardy. Likes sun. 18 to 24 inch, \$2.00.

USE THIS HELPFUL

CONIFER FORM GUIDE



—Group A— Group B—

Firs	Lawson Cypress
Pines	Arizona Cypress
Spruce	MacNab Cypress
Cedrus	Monterey Cypress
Libocedrus	Torulosa Cypress
Hemlock	Chinese Juniper
Larch	Sciadopitys
Sequoia	Japanese Yew

—Group C—

Italian Cypress
Irish Juniper
Irish Yew
Column Chi. Juniper
Thuya Beverleyensis
Thuya Elegantissima
Thuya Bakers
Pyramid Arborvitae

—Group D—

Mugho Pine
Woodward A. vitae
Thuya Ellwangeria

—Group E—

Andorra Juniper
Pfitzer Juniper
Prostrate Juniper
Savin Juniper
Horizontalis Juniper
Armstrong Juniper

—Group F—

Sargents Juniper
Sabina Tam. Juniper
Waukegan Juniper
Procumbens Juniper
Japonica Juniper

PICEA. Spruce

P. Alba. "White Spruce." Beautiful compact tree. Stands drought. Of fine habit as Living Christmas Tree for small lawn. 3 to 4 ft., \$4.00; 4 to 5 ft., \$5.00.

***P. Douglasi.** "Douglas Spruce." "Oregon Pine." Excepting the Sequoias, our most gigantic tree. Growth erect, rapid, and symmetrical. Excellent living Christmas tree. Foliage soft rich dark green. 3 to 4 ft., \$2.50; 4 to 5 ft., \$3.50; 5 to 6 ft., \$4.00; 6 to 7 ft., \$5.00.

P. Douglasi glauca. "Colorado Douglas Spruce." This blue form makes beautiful lawn Christmas tree for small homes, as it grows slowly, neat and compact. Have fine stock of them and make rock-bottom prices, so all can enjoy this unusually fine conifer. Very hardy. With bare roots, 18 to 24 inch, 50c; 24 to 30 inch, 75c; 30 to 36 inch, \$1.00; larger specimens with earth ball, \$2.00 to \$3.50. This plant makes splendid evergreen hedge.

P. Excelsa. "Norway Spruce." The quickest and most easily grown spruce. Adapts itself everywhere. Fine for Christmas tree on lawn. Pretty little specimens. 24 to 30 inch, \$1.75; 30 to 36 inch, \$2.50; 1½ to 2 ft., \$1.00; 3 to 4 ft., \$3.50.

P. Koyamai. "Koyamai Spruce." 40 ft. Of narrow pyramidal and slow growth. Rare and beautiful conifer for Japanese gardens. 18 to 24 inch, \$1.75; 24 to 30 inch, \$2.00.

P. Sitchensis. "Sitka Spruce." Bluish foliage. Slow and compact growth. A beauty. Rarely seen in cultivation. 24 to 30 inch, \$2.50; 30 to 36 inch, \$2.75.

LARIX

L. Leptolepis. "Japanese Larch." A tree you read about but seldom see. A most interesting cone bearer that sheds its leaves in fall, coming out in spring in feathery bright green. Very rapid grower. 12 to 18 inch, 50c; 18 to 24 inch, 75c; 2 to 3 ft., \$1.00; 3 to 4 ft., \$1.50.

LIBOCEDRUS. Incense Cedar

***Decurrens.** Small specimens and full grown trees are beautiful. Glossy green foliage sheds dust. Forms a perfect cone. No more satisfactory evergreen for California conditions. Grows rapidly. 1½ to 2 ft., 50c; 2 to 3 ft., \$1.00; 3 to 4 ft., \$1.50; 4 to 5 ft., \$2.50; 5 to 6 ft., \$4.00; 6 to 7 ft., \$5.00.

PODOCARPUS

P. Macrophylla and Chinensis. 50 ft. Rare Yew like plants with leaves one-third inch wide by three and one-half inches long. Has pretty berry. Fairly hardy. Either kind. 24 to 30 inch, \$2.00.

SEQUOIA

***S. Gigantea.** "Giant Sequoia." Big tree of the Sierras. A trim sturdy tree when young, with blue-green foliage. 12 to 18 inch, 60c; 18 to 24 inch, 75c; 2 to 3 ft., \$2.50; 3 to 4 ft., \$3.50; 4 to 5 ft., \$5.00.

***S. Sempervirens.** "California Coast Redwood." Rapid growth, tapering pyramidal habit. Does well in all parts of California. Makes beautiful avenues or specimen tree. 2 to 3 ft., 75c. Balled, 4 to 5 ft., \$2.75; 5 to 6 ft., \$4.50.

SCIADOPITYS

S. Verticillata. "Japanese Umbrella Tree." Of elegant pyramidal habit and slow growth. A rare tree. 12 to 15 inch, \$1.50, \$1.75.

*Means native of California

MAIL ORDER SIZES

ANY SHRUB ON PAGES 4 AND 5 PRICED UNDER \$1.00 will be sent Postpaid within the Fourth Zone, by adding 10c to the price; five (5) or more will be sent PREPAID within the Fourth Zone, without additional cost. They may be one kind or assorted.

PREPAYMENT OF THE LARGER SIZES, WITHIN FOURTH ZONE

SHRUBS PRICED AT \$1.00 AND UPWARDS will be sent transportation PREPAID IF ORDER TOTALS \$10.00 or more; if amounting to \$5.00 to \$9.99, one-half transportation will be PREPAID.

EXPRESS RATES ON NURSERY STOCK ARE VERY LOW

This new liberal offer applies likewise to stock listed on pages 3-6-7-8-9 and vines on page 11. CALIFORNIA RESIDENTS MUST ADD 3% SALES TAX

JUNIPERS

SEMI-PROSTRATE JUNIPERS

Sizes indicate spread and not height.

J. chinensis Pfitzeriana. "Pfitzers Juniper." 8 ft. One of the finest Junipers in cultivation. Has bushy widespread horizontal branches, and forms an immense flat irregular head of bluish-green foliage, graceful in outline. 2-3 ft., \$2.00; 12-15 inch, 50c.

J. Sabina. "Savin Juniper." (R.) A semi-spreading shrub attaining 6 to 8 feet. Can be pruned lower and branches trained to any form desired. Foliage very dark green. Extremely hardy. 15 to 18 inch, \$1.00; 18 to 24 inch, \$2.00; 2 to 3 feet, \$2.50.

J. Communis hibernica. "Irish Juniper." 8 ft. Of upright, narrow growth. Stands shearing well. Silvery green foliage. Sheared specimens. 2 to 3 ft., \$2.00.

J. Excelsa stricta. "Greek Juniper." Very ornamental. Decidedly dwarf and conical in form, densely clothed with blue foliage. A distinct species of great beauty. 12 inch, 60c; 12 to 18 inch, \$1.50; 18 to 24 inch, \$1.75.

JUNIPERS

The junipers comprise a splendid collection of small trees. The growth varies from upright to spreading and trailing habit.

UPRIGHT GROWING JUNIPERS

J. bandai sugi. (R) 4 ft. Beautiful dwarf Japanese juniper, half-spreading, nodding branches, densely foliaged. Splendid for rock gardens or edge of pools. 18 to 24 inch, \$1.75.

***J. californica glauca.** "California Juniper." 8 ft. Handsome pyramidal tree of small to medium size. The juvenile foliage is a beautiful silvery bluish-green. Unaffected by heat, cold or drought. 30 to 36 inch, \$3.00; 6 to 7 feet, \$7.50.

J. chinensis columnaris. "Column Chinese Juniper." 10 ft. New and rare introduction from China, forming a tall, narrow pyramid with extremely blue compact foliage. One of the finest new conifers we list. 3 to 4 ft., \$2.25; 4 to 5 ft., \$2.75.

J. Species unnamed. Sort growing upright but twisted, irregular form. Blue foliage. Ideal for Japanese garden. 3 to 4 ft., \$2.75.

Check List and Guide

Classified List of Evergreens

LOW GROWING

TALL GROWING

Tanyosho Pine
Sabina Juniper
Pfitzers Juniper
Waukegan Juniper
Japonica Juniper
Mugho Pine
Ucinata Pine
Globe Arbor Vitae
Spreading Yews

Firs
Pines
Cedars
Spruces
Cypress
Redwood
Cryptomeria
Hemlock

MEDIUM GROWING

Irish Yew
Japanese Yew
Thuyopsis
Retinospora
Irish Juniper

Greek Juniper
Chinese Juniper
Ashford Juniper
All Thuyas
Nootka Cypress

BLUE FOLIAGE

Colorado Spruce
Colorado Douglas Spruce
Lawson Cypress alumi
Waukegan Juniper
Irish Juniper
Arizona Cypress

Macnab Cypress
Texas Blue Arborvitae
Blue Mt. Atlas Cedar
California Juniper
Sargents Juniper
Nootka Cypress

SHADY PLACES

Yews
Hemlock
Birds Nest Cypress

Podocarpus
Thuyopsis

Unless otherwise specified all evergreens have ball of earth wrapped in burlap.

Where 10 trees or shrubs of one variety are ordered 10% reduction from list prices.

*Means native of California.
(R) Means suitable for Rock Gardens.

PINUS. PINE

P. excelsa. "Bhotan Pine." (R.) A graceful, slow-growing tree with very long blue-green needles. This variety often trained to irregular shapes for rock gardens as branches are extremely flexible. 3 to 4 ft., \$1.00.

P. Monophylla. "Single Leaf Pine." Native of Nevada. A small growing type of compact habit and short stiff silvery needles. Seeds edible. 1 to 1½ ft., 75c.

P. mughus. "Mugho Dwarf Pine." (R.) An excellent dwarf pine, globe shaped and erect branching. Very attractive, especially in spring when new growth resembles miniature candles. Specimen plants, \$3.00 to \$10.00 each; smaller, 50c, 75c and \$1.00.

P. pinea. "Stone Pine." 80 ft. Those who have traveled in Italy will remember this picturesque tree, which develops a broad umbrella shape when mature. The seeds are edible. 2 to 3 ft., \$2.50.

***P. Ponderosa.** "Western Yellow Pine." Stout, spreading branches, forming a narrow spire-like head. Leaves long, dark green. Same type from Colorado with light green leaves. A fine pine for quick effect. 4 to 5 ft., \$2.50; 5 to 6 ft., \$3.00; 6 to 7 ft., \$4.00.

P. Canariensis. "Canary Island Pine." 80 ft. One of the most beautiful and permanent of all pines for California. Extremely long needles in large tufts. The new growth is silvery white. Tall and slender. 3 to 4 ft., \$2.75; 2 to 3 ft., \$1.75.

P. Tanyosho. "Japanese Table Pine." (R.) Most unique appearing conifer. Can be trained to 3 feet high. With flat umbrella-like head. Suitable for rock and Japanese gardens. 18 to 24 inch, \$1.25.

TAXUS. YEW

T. baccata fastigiata. "Irish Yew." Foliage dark-green. The whole plant appears like a deep green column. 15 to 18 inch, 75c; 18 to 24 inch, \$1.00; 24 to 30 inch, \$1.25.

T. Cuspidata. "Japanese Yew." (R.) Grows upright and compact. Dark green leaves, bright red fruit. Hardy. Potted, 15 to 18 inch, 75c; 18 to 24 inch, \$1.00.

THUYOPSIS

T. dolabrata. (R.) A Japanese Arborvitae of distinct form from the preceding sorts. Foliage dark green above with white lines beneath. Develops into handsome broad pyramidal tree in part shade. Also variegated form. Potted, 40c to \$1.75.

Colorado Blue Spruce

COLORADO BLUE SPRUCE, the gem of all spruces, with silvery-blue, compact foliage, has an elegance that will grace your home-grounds. Silvery blue the year around. Prices are based, 1st on color and size; 2nd on form. 12 to 15 inch, \$1.00 to \$1.50; 15 to 18 inch, \$1.75 to \$2.00; 18 to 24 inch, \$2.25 to \$3.00; 24 to 30 inch, \$3.25 to \$4.00; 30 to 42 inch, \$4.25 to \$6.00; 4 to 5 ft., \$7.00.

COLORADO GREEN SPRUCE. Identical with above, except green to bluish green. These make splendid living Christmas trees; 50% off above prices.

KOSTER'S BLUE SPRUCE. Bluest of the blue spruces. Same price as Colorado Blue. (Above in sizes above 2 feet only.)

GILLET'S CONE BEARING EVER- GREENS

63 Kinds

THUYA. Arbor Vitae

A group of very useful, hardy evergreens, thriving in a wide variety of soils and exposures.

T. occidentalis Boothii. (R.) A shrub of compact growth for part shade. Grayish blue foliage. A nice form. Dwarf. 18 to 24 inch, \$1.50.

T. occidentalis lutea. Bright golden, pyramidal form. Hardy. 24 to 30 inch, \$1.00.

T. occidentalis pyramidalis. "Pyramidal arborvitae." Fine specimens for formal effects owing to its columnar upright habit; foliage dark green and cedar-like. 2 to 3 ft., \$1.75; 3 to 4 ft., \$2.50; 4 to 5 ft., \$2.75.

T. occidentalis Woodwardi. (R.) "Globe Arborvitae." A dwarf, dense, globular bush. Use to accent entrances, gateways, etc. 24x24 inch, \$2.25.

T. "Baker's Hybrid." A pyramidal, compact, deep green arborvitae of medium growth. Useful for small places. 3 to 4 ft., \$2.00; 4 to 5 ft., \$2.50.

T. occidentalis texana glauca. "Texas Blue Arborvitae." 10 ft. A tall, narrow, blue-green column, splendid for hot dry situations. 18 to 24 inch, \$1.00; 24 to 30 inch, \$1.50.

T. orientalis aurea nana. (R.) "Berkmann's Dwarf Golden." Dwarf compact shrub; foliage bright permanent yellow. Fine as low accent plant and in tubs. 18 to 24 inch, 75c. Specimens, \$1.25; \$1.50 to \$5.00.

T. orientalis bonita. 5 ft. A dwarf, broad, cone-shaped Arborvitae, with rich dark green foliage. 18 to 24 inch, \$1.50.

T. elegantissima. "Golden Pyramid Arborvitae." 12 to 15 ft. Somewhat similar to the Beverleyensis, but not as tall, with a broader, more bushy base. The green foliage is tipped with an attractive golden bronze during most of the year, becoming bright yellow in the spring. 3 to 4 ft., \$1.50.

T. orientalis mendsensis. Pyramidal in shape and of dense growth; foliage a deep shade of green. 18 to 24 inch, \$1.75; 24 to 30 inch, \$2.00; 3 to 4 ft., \$2.50.

TSUGA

T. canadensis. "Hemlock." (R.) Of rare grace and beauty. Does best in shade, away from hot winds. Grows slowly. Can be pruned to low forms. 2 to 3 ft., \$2.00; 3 to 4 ft., \$2.75 to \$3.75.



GILLET'S FLOWERING SHRUBS and ROSES

ALMOND (Dwarf on own roots)

Pink flowering. 4 ft. The beauty of this shrub in the spring is not soon forgotten. Flowers are double and cover the branches. 1½ to 2 ft., 50c.

ALTHEA. Rose of Sharon

10 ft. The brightest and most free blooming shrub in the garden during July, August, September. Large showy flowers, which are developed by heavy pruning during winter.

Single Violet, Single Ruby Red, Single Pure White. 2 to 3 ft., 75c; 3 to 4 ft., 85c. Double Rose, 4 to 5 ft., \$1.00; 5 to 6 ft., \$1.25.

CALYCANTHUS. Sweet Shrub

**Calycanthus occidentalis*. "Sweet Shrub." Bushy. Foliage dark green; flowers dark chocolate. Fragrant, free blooming. Has artistic and interesting seed-pods. 2 to 3 ft., 75c.

CAESALPINIA...POINCIANA

C. gilliesii. "Bird of Paradise." Tall shrub or small tree; foliage double pinnate with small leaflets; flowers large, light yellow, with long, exerted stamens of brilliant red; blooms very freely. Gal. Cans, 3 to 4 ft., \$1.00.

CORYLUS. Filbert

Filbert, purple leaved. 10 ft. Large round leaves, intensely dark, bronzy purple in spring, becoming greenish toward fall. Very distinct even among other purple-leaved shrubs. For sun or shade. Bears fine nuts. 75c to \$1.50 each. See pages 12 and 13 also.

CYDONIA. Flowering Quince.

Cydonia japonica sanguinea. "Red Flowering Quince." Very showy plant early in spring, covered with bright, semi-double, rosy red flowers, which appear just as the leaves begin to show. Attractive glossy foliage the rest of the summer. Cutting grown, not seedlings. 1 to 1½ ft., 75c.

DAPHNE

Daphne Mesereum. 4 ft. A rare shrub with fragrant lilac purple flowers along the stems long before leaves appear. 50c-75c each.

C. Japonica Sanguinea. Cutting grown with large blood-red cup-shaped flowers. 1 to 1½ ft., 75c.

Corylus Avellana. 10 ft. The common hazelnut (filbert). A very ornamental shrub with the nuts as an added value. Named varieties. Bushy plants, in bearing. 50c to specimens at \$2.50.

DEUTZIA

Free blooming shrubs. Bell shaped flowers, spring and early summer. Should be more widely planted in California for their gorgeous color effects in the garden and shrubbery. Strong blooming size plants.

D. Gracilis. 3 ft. (R.) One of our daintiest and most graceful flowering shrubs. Branches slender and arching, with profusion of small, beautifully formed flowers. 2 to 3 ft., 85c; 18 to 24 inch, 50c.

D. fortunei. 8 ft. Flowers large and double; white, slightly tinged pink, in May. 5 to 6 ft., 85c.

EXOCHORDA. Pearl Bush

Exochorda grandiflora. "Pearl Bush." A handsome shrub producing an abundance of large white flowers in spring. A plant of rare excellence in most any situation. Balled, 85c.

FORSYTHIA. Golden Bell

Splendid shrubs, 6 to 8 ft., light up the garden with glinting masses of yellow very early in spring before the leaves appear. Make bright-hued fillers for massed shrub groups.

Intermedia (Arching). Short leaved, earliest blooming, broadest bushing; the long canes drooping so as to make a solid bank of brilliant green foliage. The best general purpose type. 2 to 3 ft., 40c; 3 to 4 ft., 60c; 4 to 6 ft., 85c.

HYDRANGEA

H. hortensis. 8 ft. Shade loving shrub furnished with large foliage and immense heads of light pink flowers, which turn blue when grown in soils containing iron or acid. Potted, 25c to 75c.

H. Paniculata Grandiflora. 6 ft. Wonderfully attractive with their massive white plumes. First snowy white, then pink, then reddish bronze and green. August till autumn. 3 to 4 ft., 85c each.

KERRIA

K. Japonica. "Japanese Rose." Erect shrub, slender green branches. Double flowers, clear yellow, like small rose. 40c to 60c. Best in part shade.

K. Japonica. "Single Variegated." 6 ft. same as above, except has single yellow blooms and foliage is variegated with white markings. 2 to 3 ft., 75c.

JAPANESE MAPLE

ACER palmatum. Japanese Maple. 12 to 15 ft. Handsome shrub or small tree, with beautiful green foliage splashed with bright golden and scarlet in the spring, changing to green in the summer and the autumn to brilliant colors. 2 to 3 ft., 75c; 3 to 4 ft., 85c.

Acer Palmatum atropurpureum. 8 ft. (R.) (S.) "Bloodleaf Japanese Maple." One of the very finest of the Japanese Maples, its rich purple red foliage is a great attraction to every garden. 18 to 24 inch, \$1.50.

A. dissectum atropurpureum. (R.) (S.) "Dwarf Red Cut Leaf Japanese Maple." An elegant dwarfish tree with blood-red fern-like leaves. 18 to 24 inch, \$1.50 and \$1.75.

PHILADELPHUS. Mock Orange

P. virginial. 8 ft. "Syringa erroneously." A splendid new sort with clusters of pearly, double white flowers two inches across; very fragrant and a profuse bloomer. 2 to 3 ft., 75c; 3 to 4 ft., 85c.

P. Single White. Profuse of bloom and as fragrant as orange blossoms. 18 to 24 inch, 50c; 2 to 3 ft., 75c.

MAIL ORDER SIZES

ANY SHRUB ON PAGES 6 AND 7 PRICED UNDER \$1.00 will be sent Postpaid within the Fourth Zone, by adding 10c to the price; five (5) or more will be sent PREPAID within the Fourth Zone, without additional cost. They may be of one kind or assorted.

PREPAYMENT OF THE LARGER SIZES WITHIN FOURTH ZONE

SHRUBS PRICED AS \$1.00 AND UP-
(Continued on Next Page)

Roses

40c Each; 3 for \$1.10; 6 for \$2.00

Postpaid Except as Noted

BUSH ROSES

WHITE

Caledonia. H. T. New pure white with long pointed buds. Slightly fragrant.

YELLOW AND ORANGE

Mev. G. A. Van Rossem. H. T. Vigorous, profuse bloomer. Vivid orange and apricot. 50c.

Autumn. H. T. Exquisite orange, red and buff shades. Superb for cutting.

Golden Emblem. H. T. Outstanding yellow rose. Perpetual bloomer. Fine foliage. 50c.

Souv. Claudius Pernet. The finest of clear yellows. 50c.

Mrs. E. R. Thom. Huge globular bloom of clear yellow. Vigorous healthy plant. 50c.

RED

E. G. Hill. H. T. Scarlet, shading to pure red. Fine foliage, long stems. Sweet scented.

Etoile de Holland. H. T. Glorious large blooms of dark waxy red. Fragrant. Resists mildew.

Olympiad. Scarlet shading to gold at base.

BABY ROSES

Bush Type—Low Growing

Ingar Olsson—Large. Bright pink. Ever-blooming. 50c.

Edith Cavell—Brilliant scarlet. Ever-blooming. 50c.

Ideal—Dark red. Ever-blooming. 50c.

Cecile Brunner—Dainty pink. 50c.

Gloria Mundi—Fadeless orange, scarlet. Ever-blooming. 50c.

PRIVET

Don't overlook the fine privets as specimen shrubs. Their showy bloom is like the Common Lilac, followed by dark blue berries. Use them freely in shrub groups, as formal trimmed specimens and accent plants, beside entrances, etc.

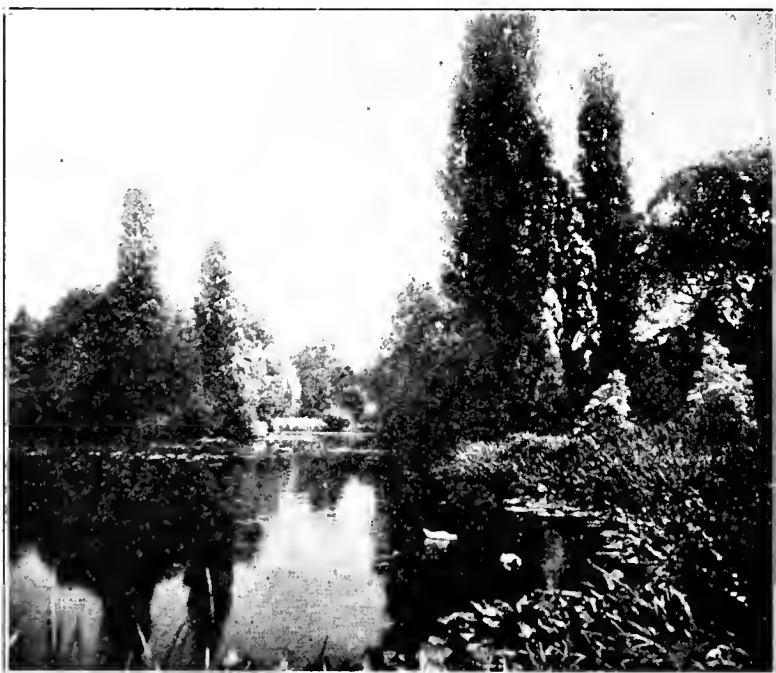
EVERGREEN PRIVET

L. ciliatum. 5 ft. Best Privet for an untrimmed specimen plant because of its dense, clear, dark green foliage and large white flower spikes. Best in shade, except near coast. 1½ to 2 ft., 75c; 4-inch pots, 25c.

L. Lodense. Trimmed specimens in Globes, Broad Pyramids and Cubes. Make splendid accent plants for formal work. None over 1 foot high; diameter 12 inch, 75c; 18 inch, \$1.00; 24 inch, \$2.25; 30 inch, \$3.00. Same for hedges, 15c each.

L. Lucidum. "Waxleaf Privet." Entirely evergreen, large deep green glossy leaves and fine appearance. Bushy plants, 18 to 24 inch, 35c.

L. Ionandrum. NEW. Another fine privet introduced recently. Evergreen leaves the size of Boxwood. Growth spreading and dense when well trimmed, making quick hedge of fine character. White bloom, followed by blue berries. Splendid for single specimen. Compact, well trimmed plants, 18x18 inch, 85c; 2x2 ft., \$1.50 each; 30x30 inch, \$1.75 each.



Federal Financing for Your Garden

Many planters are taking advantage of the liberal credit terms made possible under the National Housing Act to finance the planting of their garden. We will be glad to tell you how the details can be easily and quickly arranged, or your banker will tell you.

California Customers, Please
Add 3% Sales Tax

MAIL ORDER SIZES

(Continued from Preceding Page)

WARDS will be sent transportation PRE-PAID IF ORDER TOTALS \$10.00 or more; if amounting to \$5.00 to \$9.99, one-half transportation will be PREPAID.

EXPRESS RATES ON NURSERY STOCK ARE VERY LOW

This new liberal offer applies likewise, to stock listed on pages 3-4-5-8-9, and vines on page 11.

CALIFORNIA RESIDENTS MUST ADD
3% SALES TAX

Roses

Two-Year-Old, Field Grown

BUSH ROSES

DARK PINK AND ROSE

Dame Edith Helen. H. T. Free flowering strawberries and cream pink. Fine to cut.

PINK WITH COPPER SHADES

Irish Charm. Bluish pink and golden apricot. Splendid in bud. 50c.

Editor McFarland. Long buds of solid glowing pink. Like Pink Radiance, only better. 50c.

Pres. Herbert Hoover. H. T. Long buds of scarlet and gold. Opens to orange and rose.

Talisman. H. T. The florist's rose. Gold, yellow crimson and orange. Hardy and thrifty.

CLIMBING ROSES

Chaplin's Pink. Like Paul's Scarlet, only pink.

Cl. Cecile Brunner. Will grow small exquisite pink buds.

Cl. Golden Emblem. Vigorous climber, otherwise as the bush type. 50c.

Cl. Pres. Hoover. Same blooms as Bush Rose. 50c.

Mme. Gregory Staechelin. H. T. (Spanish Beauty.) Long buds of carmine, opening to show pearl-pink.

Pauls Scarlet Climber. Semi-double brilliant crimson in large clusters. Very popular.

Cl. Talisman. Same blooms as the bush type. 50c.

Rosarie. One of the loveliest roses grown. Large clusters in quantity, of dark pink. Thornless. 50c.

PRIVET

Don't overlook the fine privets as specimen shrubs. Their showy bloom is like the Common Lilac, followed by dark blue berries. Use them freely in shrub groups, as formal trimmed specimens and accent plants, beside entrances, etc.

CALIFORNIA PRIVET

L. ovalifolium. "California Privet." Forms a compact hedge by occasional pruning; easy of culture. Bare roots, per 100, 12 to 18 inch, \$5.00; 1½ to 2 ft., \$6.00; 2 to 3 ft., \$7.50; 3 to 4 ft., \$10.00. Standards, trimmed bushy heads on 30-inch stems, \$2.00 each.

L. ovalifolium aurea marginatum. "Golden Privet." Bushy field grown and trimmed. Balled. 1½ to 2 ft., 75c; 2 to 4 ft., \$1.00 to \$3.50. For Hedges, 8 to 12 inch, \$5.00 per 100.

MEYER PRIVET

L. Quihoui. "Meyer Privet." NEW. We call this Meyer Privet, because discovered by Agricultural Explorer Frank N. Meyer in China. Spreading shrub to 6 ft. Bright green foliage, ¼ inch wide by 1½ to 2 inches long. A very fine privet. With unusual fine white flowers when not sheared. RESISTANT TO NEMATODE INFESTATION. 3 to 4 ft., bushy, \$1.00; Trimmed globe, 2x2 ft., \$1.00.

GOLDEN CHAIN

Laburnum vulgare. 20 ft. Beautiful small tree or shrub, quick growth. Leaves soft, gray green. Flowers fragrant, bright yellow in long drooping racemes, suggestive of yellow Wisterias. 6 to 7 ft., \$2.00; 5 to 6 ft., \$1.25; 4 to 5 ft., \$1.00.

CHINESE MAGNOLIA

M. soulangeana. 20 ft. One of the finest of the Asiatic deciduous magnolias, producing its beautiful blooms in the spring before the leaves are fully out. The big, cup-shaped flowers are creamy-white inside, deep reddish-pink outside. Bushy plants, with flower buds. 2 to 3 ft., \$3.00; 18 to 24 inch, \$1.50.

M. liliflora Nigra. Same as above but flowers stand erect. Deep purple outside, lighter purple inside. 2 to 3 ft., \$2.25; 18 to 24 inches, \$1.75.

CREPE MYRTLE

Crepe Myrtle. 15 ft. Should have a place in every garden. Leaves are bright green, turning a bright red in fall; flowers produced in utmost profusion at ends of branches during late Summer and Fall. Plant in full sun. Prune half the new growth each winter. Shrub or small tree. **Pink, Lavender, Red, White.** Balled, 2 to 3 ft., \$1.25. Lavender and white for fall of 1936 only.

PUNICA. Pomegranate

P. Double Red. Rapid growing shrub with deep, double scarlet flowers. 3 to 4 ft., 75c each.

P. Mme. Legrelle. A beautiful variegated form. Flowers double, light red, edged with yellow. 3 to 4 ft., \$1.00.

SPIREA-BRIDAL WREATH

Shrubs of free blooming habit varying in appearance, color of flowers and manner of blooming. All have very small flowers in compact clusters of different forms. Do well in any good garden soil. The varieties Reeves, Prunifolia and Van Houttei are all called Bridal Wreath.

S. thunbergi. "Garland Spirea." 4 ft. Feathery, light green foliage; flowers white, very profuse in early May. An exceptionally good shrub to use in small groups or as a group about foundations. 35c to 75c.

S. bumalda. (R.) "Walluffi." Dwarf, erect form, growing three feet high. Flowers bright crimson, in flattened heads at end of branches. Blooms all summer. Very desirable. 35c, 50c, 75c.

S. cantoniensis reevesiana. 6 ft. Medium-sized shrub with long narrow leaves. Flowers pure white, large, borne most profusely in dense heads. Practically evergreen. 4 to 5 ft., 85c. Same but with **Double Flowers** and evergreen foliage. 2 to 3 ft., 60c; 3 to 4 ft., 75c.

***S. Douglassi.** 6 ft. Deep pink. July to frost. Terminal of each branch crowned with flower spike six inches long. Beautiful. 35c to 75c.

S. prunifolia flore pleno. "True Bridal Wreath." Small shrub with long, very slender branches. Flowers very double and pure white, borne along the branches before the leaves appear. This is the genuine "Bridal Wreath." 2 to 3 ft., 75c.

GILLET'S FLOWERING SHRUBS and ROSES

Federal Housing Loans
may be obtained for trees, shrubs and landscaping.

SYRINGA. Lilac

Purple and White. The old favorite, always a delight. 2 to 3 ft., 50c each; 3 to 4 ft., 75c.

French varieties. New lavender, white and reddish shades. Strong plants. 50c to \$1.00.

TAMARIX

T. africana. "African Tamarix." 12 ft. Hardy. Large irregular growing shrub with fine, feathery glossy green foliage and terminal flowers of delicate pink in May. Prune heavily after blooming. 4 to 6 ft., 75c.

VIBURNUM. Snowball, Etc.

Both the common Snowball and the more refined Japanese should be in every garden for their showy blooms and rich colored foliage in fall.

V. Sterilis. "Snowball." The common Snowball making large showy shrub. Large plants. 50c to 75c.

VITEX

V. agnus-castus. "Lilac Chaste Tree." 8 ft. Shrub with fern-like foliage. Flowers light blue in dense 8-inch spikes from terminal shoots. 3 to 4 ft., 85c.

V. Macrophylla. 10 ft. Grey-green star-shaped leaves. Rich blue flowers, August and September, from new terminal growth. Very fine shrub when pruned each spring. 2 to 3 ft., 85c.

WEIGELA. Diervilla

5 to 8 ft. Trumpet-shaped flowers in profusion that is almost unequalled. Their striking foliage contrasts finely with other shrubs; for borders they are very effective. Prune after flowering in the summer.

Strong blooming plants, 50c to 85c each.

Eva Rathke. Deep red, low growth.

Madame Lemoine. One of the prettiest; blush white changing to deep pink.

*Means native of California.

(R) Means suitable for Rock Gardens.



GILLET'S LEAFY EVER- GREENS

47 Kinds

ABELIA

A. grandiflora. (S.) (R.) 6 ft. Small glossy leaves. Flowers an inch long, white flushed pink. Blooms profusely all summer. Fine foundation plant. 12 to 18 in., 40c; 2 to 3 ft., \$1.00 and \$1.25.

ACACIA

A. decurrens. 50 ft. Green Wattle. Grows rapidly into large, erect tree suited to parks and avenues. Hardy, 5 to 6 ft., 75c.

AZALEA

These 4 and 5 year plants will glorify your garden. Many are loaded with flower buds. They are sensitive to lime, requiring marked soil acidity. This condition may be induced by application of Aluminum Sulphate, 5 pounds per 100 square feet sprinkled evenly over surface and spaded in. Don't allow them to become over-dry. Plant in shade or part shade.

EVERGREEN

Hinodogiri. Bright cherry-red, 6 to 8 inch, 75c; 8 to 12 inch, 85c. All with flower buds.

DECIDUOUS

Altaclare. Brilliant yellow. Large flowers. Foliage red in autumn. 8 to 12 inch, 85c; 12 to 18 inch, \$1.25; 18 to 24 inch, \$1.50.

Mollis. Orange, apricot, yellow shadings. Large flowers. 12 to 18 inch, \$1.00 and \$1.50.
"Occidentalis". "Western Azalea." Fragrant, white blooms. Makes large plant. 8 to 12 inch, 85c.

ARCTOSTAPHYLOS (Manzanita)

"A. glauca". "Great Berried Manzanita." A Spanish name meaning little apple. Evergreen shrub with crooked branches; bark dark red; flowers white or pink in clusters; fruit berry like and brown in color. Leaves silvery. For sunny situations. A striking acquisition to any garden if soil is acid. Gal. container, 35c, 50c, 75c.

AUCUBA

A. japonica. "Gold Dust Laurel." (S.) (R.) 6 ft. Leaves almost covered with yellow dots. Excellent for tub culture or planting in shade. Bushy plants. 25c to \$3.50 each.

USE THIS GUIDE IN SELECTING LEAFY EVERGREENS



A



B



C



D

Group A

Manzanita
Aucuba
Buddleia
Camellia
Daphne
Fatsia
Gardenia
Laurel
Magnolia
Oleander
Osmanthus
Rhododendron
Umbellularia

Group B

Abelia
Azalea altaclare
Azalea Mollis
Azalea occidentalis
Cistus
Euonymus
Genista
Lonicera pileata
Laurus
Rhamnus
Viburnum

Group C

Azalea hinodogiri
Erica

Group D

Ceanothus prostratus
Prostrate Cotoneaster

BUXUS. Boxwood

This plant always gives an air of distinction to one's grounds. Useful for formal planting and as accent plants. Besides those listed we can furnish large specimens for fine estates. Write for prices and photographs.

Boxwood. Trimmed cones. 12 to 18 inch, \$1.00; 18 to 24 inch, \$1.50; 24 to 30 inch, \$2.00.

Gold Tip. 18 to 24 inch, \$1.00; 24 to 30 inch, \$1.25.
 Dwarf Box. 8 to 12 inch, 50c. Old specimens, from \$5.00 up.

BUDDLEIA

B. superba. "Summer Lilac." 8 ft. A fast-growing, spreading shrub; remarkable for the long panicles of fragrant rose-purple flowers borne in great profusion in the late summer around which quantities of Butterflies hover. 3 to 4 ft., 50c; 2 to 3 ft., 40c.
B. de Franco. New large fragrant flowers of brilliant rosy purple, tinted with violet. 30c, 75c.

CAMELLIA

Double Red, Double Pink, Variegated. 50c to \$2.00, according to size and buds.

CISTUS. Rock Rose

Low-growing shrubs with profusion of showy flowers. Owing to their dwarf habits they are desirable for the small garden and as low border plants.
C. ladaniferus maculatus. "Spotted Rock Rose." Most beautiful of the whole family. Shrub to three feet. Flowers large, single, white, with dark crimson dots at base of petals. Likes sunny location. Potted, 1½ to 2 ft., 50c; 2 to 3 ft., 85c.

DAPHNE

Daphne odora. 4 ft. This is the well known Daphne with intensely fragrant, white flowers during winter. 8 to 12 inch, \$1.00; 6 to 8 inch, 75c; 12 to 18 inch, \$1.25 to \$1.75, according to form.
 Variegated foliage. Pink flowers. \$1.75 to \$2.50.

EUONYMUS. Evergreen Euonymus

Admirably useful and attractive when used in groups, edgings, hedges, corner plantings and in rockeries.

E. japonica, albo marginata. "Silvermargined." (S.) 5 ft. Leaves have a very narrow margin of silvery white. Growth slow and compact. Entirely distinct. 12 to 18 inch, 50c; 18 to 24 inch, 75c.

E. japonica aurea variegata. "Golden Variegated." (S.) Branches green; leaves yellow in center, dark green around edges, color about equally divided. Often sends out branches with green leaves. 35c to \$1.50.

E. japonica fertilis. 8 ft. Glossy leaves and has showy orange colored berries. 18 to 24 inch, bushy, 85c.

E. japonica President Gauthier. 5 ft. Leaves with a white blotch in the center. Quite striking. 40c, 50c, 75c.

E. Patens (Evergreen Wahoo). 5 ft. Hardy shrub. Green stems, very dark green leaves. Wealth of red fruits that break open like Bittersweet, showing a beautiful coral seed and pod, making it very striking. It does well in shade and makes a good foundation plant. 12 to 18 inch, 75c.

E. Pulchellus. (R.) Very dwarf. Tiny leaves. Makes good edging or single specimen. 5 inch pots, 40c; 10 to 14 inch, \$1.00. For low edging, \$25.00 per 100. Variegated silver leaves. 50c to \$1.00.

HOW WE PREPAY SHIPMENTS

ANY SHRUB ON PAGES 8 AND 9 PRICED UNDER \$1.00 will be sent Postpaid within the Fourth Zone, by adding 10c to the price; five (5) or more will be sent PREPAID within the Fourth Zone, without additional cost. They may be of one kind or assorted.

PREPAYMENT OF THE LARGER SIZES

SHRUBS PRICED AT \$1.00 AND UPWARDS will be sent transportation PREPAID IF THE ORDER TOTALS \$10.00 OR MORE; if amounting to \$5 to \$9.99, one-half transportation will be PREPAID.

EXPRESS RATES ON NURSERY STOCK ARE VERY LOW

This New Liberal Offer Applies Likewise to Stock Listed on Pages 3-4-5-6-7 and Vines on Page 11
 CALIFORNIA RESIDENTS MUST ADD 3% SALES TAX

YOU, TOO, WILL FIND THIS FINDING LIST VERY HELPFUL

Figures Show Ultimate Heights, in Some Cases Taking Many Years
 (Index on Last Page Shows Page for Description)

PLANTS FOR SHADED LOCATIONS

Deciduous

Beech—40 ft.
 Cercis—6 to 20 ft.
 Cornus, All—8 to 15 ft.
 Filbert—8 to 20 ft.
 Halesia—12 to 15 ft.
 Hydrangea—4 to 8 ft.
 Honeysuckle—8 to 10 ft.
 Kerria—6 ft.
 Philadelphia—8 to 10 ft.
 Privet, All—10 ft.
 Rhodotypos—4 to 5 ft.
 California Coffee—5 to 10 ft.
 Snowberry—4 to 5 ft.

Evergreen

Aucuba—4 to 6 ft.
 Azalea—3 to 4 ft.
 Boxwood—2 to 12 ft.
 Camellia—10 ft.
 Cotoneaster microphylla—4 ft.
 Daphne—1 to 4 ft.
 Euonymus, All—4 to 10 ft.
 English Laurel—5 to 20 ft.
 Fatsia—2 to 4 ft.
 Ilex, Holly—4 to 20 ft.
 Kalmia—5 to 7 ft.
 Laurel—5 to 20 ft.
 Laurustinus—4 to 8 ft.
 Mahonias—2 to 4 ft.
 Pachysandra—6 to 12 in.
 Pyracantha Crenulata—4 to 10 ft.
 Rhododendron—3 to 8 ft.
 Viburnum—4 to 8 ft.
 Yew—5 to 10 ft.

BERRIED PLANTS

Deciduous

Barberry—2 to 6 ft.
 Bittersweet—climbing
 Dogwoods—4 to 15 ft.
 Eleagnus longipes—6 ft.
 Euonymus—4 to 10 ft.
 Hawthorn—12 to 15 ft.
 Honeysuckle—8 to 10 ft.
 Ilex—6 to 8 ft.
 Mt. Ash—25 to 30 ft.
 Rhamnus—5 to 10 ft.
 Rhodotypos—4 to 5 ft.
 Snowberry—4 to 5 ft.

Evergreen

Arbutus unedo—10 ft.
 Arbutus menziesii—50 ft.
 Berberis—4 to 5 ft.
 Cotoneaster, All
 Eleagnus—6 ft.
 Euonymus, All
 Ilex, Holly—4 to 20 ft.
 Lonicera, All
 Mahonia—4 to 6 ft.
 Fatsia—4 ft.
 Photinia—8 to 10 ft.
 Pyracantha, All
 Rhamnus—4 to 6 ft.
 Stransea—8 ft.
 Viburnum Tinus—6 ft.

FOR BRILLIANT FALL FOLIAGE

Trees

Acer or Maple
 Liquidambar
 Pistachia
 Oak—Red Pin
 Sorbus Aucuparia

Shrubs

Berberis All
 Calif. Red Bud—10 ft.
 Cotoneasters
 Dogwoods
 Euonymus Alatus—5 ft.
 Mahonia—5 ft.
 Myrtle "Crepe"—4 to 12 ft.
 Nandina—4 ft.
 Plumbago, Larpente—1 ft.
 Snowball—8 ft.
 Spiraea—4 ft.

Plants That Have Variegated Leaves

Used as accent plants and to give life and color to border and foundation plantings.

Arboretum, Golden
 Aucuba

Boxwood
 Chestnut

*Means native of California.
 (S.) Means Shrub.

Daphne
 Deeringea
 Eleagnus
 Euonymus
 Holly
 Honeysuckle
 Ivy
 Juniper
 Laurustinus

(R) Means suitable for Rock Gardens.

DROUGHT RESISTANT PLANTS

Deciduous

Albizia—30 to 50 ft.
 Buddleia—6 to 15 ft.
 Box Elder—60 ft.
 Chestnut—30 to 50 ft.
 Grapes
 Hawthorn—12 to 15 ft.
 Locust
 Lombardy Poplar
 Rhamnus—5 to 10 ft.
 Redbud—6 to 20 ft.
 Snowberry—4 to 5 ft.
 Spiraea—4 to 6 ft.

Evergreen

Acacia—30 to 60 ft.
 Boxwood—2 to 12 ft.
 Cistus—4 ft.
 Cytisus, All
 Cypress, McNab—20 ft.
 Cypress—Monterey—30 ft.
 Cypress—Italian
 Cedar, Incense—75 ft.
 Dracena—10 ft.
 Junipers—2 to 20 ft.
 Laurel, Eng.—15 to 20 ft.
 Manzanita—5 to 15 ft.
 Mahonia—4 to 6 ft.
 Oleander—8 ft.
 Photinia—8 to 10 ft.
 Pyracantha, All—
 Pampas Grass—6 ft.
 Pines—Most All
 Romneya—6 ft.
 Scotch Broom—7 ft.
 Viburnum

FOR WET PLACES

Scarlet Maple—50 ft.
 Ilex Vertic—6 to 8 ft.
 Liquidambar—50 ft.
 Willows

TREES FOR QUICK EFFECT

Box Elder
 Catalpa
 Locust
 Plane
 Poplar
 Silver Maple
 Willow
 Chinese Elm

Myrtle
 Periwinkle
 Privet
 Pittosporum
 Thuopsis
 Virginia Creeper
 Weigela
 Yew, Golden

CEANOTHUS

"C. prostratus". (R.) "Indian Carpet." Entirely prostrate and evergreen. Small glossy, leathery leaves completely cover the ground. Stands tramping, drought and severe cold. Flowers violet blue. Will run over rocks and hang gracefully from walls. Rooted divisions, \$7.50 per 100.

ERICA. HEATHER. HEATH

E. carnea rosea. (R.) Heath. 1 ft. Dwarf. Numerous short branches densely covered with minute needle-like leaves, bearing an abundance of bright, rosy flowers in late fall and through the winter, even under snow. Unexcelled rock plant. Very hardy. 35c to 75c.

SCOTCH HEATHER

E. vulgaris rubra. (R.) 1 to 2 ft. Red flowers in profusion in late summer and fall. 50c, 75c.

FATSIA

F. japonica. 8 ft. (S.) A massive plant of tropical appearance with very large shining green, deeply lobed leaves, one foot across. Immense truss of white bloom in fall. Best in a shady place. Quite hardy. Growth slow. 4-inch pots, 25c to 75c.

GARDENIA. Cape Jasmine

G. veitchii. "Cape Jasmine." 2.4 ft. (S.) Rich, sweet perfume and waxy, snow-white blooms are produced in continuous succession during spring and summer. Plant in any well-drained location where it is not too hot and dry. Not hardy. 5-inch pots, 75c and \$1.00.

GENISTA and CYTISUS

A fast growing group of shrubs which brighten up landscape with their brilliant masses of yellow pea-shaped flowers; valuable as a contrast to solid green shrubbery; unusually hardy and drought resistant. All require full sun.
 Ancient peoples bound the branches of this plant for Brooms. Hence their name.

G. hispanica. (Spartium junceum.) (S.) "Spanish Broom." 8 ft. A strong, fast-growing shrub, bright green branches almost devoid of leaves. Bears almost continuously, large pea-like bright yellow flowers very sweetly scented. Hardy, heat-loving and drought resistant. 4-inch pots, 50c.

G. scoparius. "Scotch Broom." (S.) 6 ft. A very fast growing, erect, bushy shrub with minute leaves and large, yellow, pea-shaped flowers, borne in great profusion in the spring. Hardy. 3 to 4 ft., 75c; \$6.00 per 100; 2 to 3 ft., 50c; \$4.00 per 100.

G. dallimorei. New. Semi-dwarf, 3 to 5 feet high. Covered with richly colored purple and gold flowers which change to golden bronze. Potted, 60c.

G. Andreana. Flowers yellow with blotches of mahogany on side of petals. Very free blooming. Potted, 50c.

G. Dorothy Walpole. New. A Scotch Broom hybrid with red flowers. Potted, 75c.

G. Donard Seedling. A Scotch Broom hybrid with pink flowers. Potted, 75c.

G. monosperma. "Bridal Veil Broom." (S.) Unusual shrub with silvery branches and sparse foliage; growth drooping. White flowers in long drooping racemes. Gal. cans, 2 to 2½ ft., 75c.

LAUREL

Prunus laurocerasus latifolia. "English Laurel." "Cherry Laurel." (S.) 15 ft. Small tree or bush. Glossy, evergreen foliage, beautiful both summer and winter. For sun or shade. 1 ft to 4 ft., 50c to \$2.50.

P. lusitanica. "Portugal Laurel." (S.) 20 ft. Somewhat, very dark green leaves. Growth compact. Flowers white. One of the handsomest evergreen shrubs for tub culture or part shade. 12 to 18 inch, 50c; 18 to 24 inch, 75c to \$1.50.

L. nobilis. "Grecian Bay or Laurel." 8 ft. The well-known Bay Tree so often trained as globes and pyramids for outdoor or indoor tub plants. Still, dark green leaves. A fine shrub for tub culture. From this plant Ancient Greeks crowned their heroes with laurel. 12 to 18 inch, 50c; 18 to 24 inch, 75c.

MAGNOLIA

M. grandiflora lanceolata. 30 ft. (T.) This one is hardy and will stand snow. Large glossy leaves, flowers 6 inches across. Potted, 24 to 30 inches, 60c; 30 to 36 inches, 85c. Heavy field grown, 2 to 3 ft., \$1.25; 3 to 4 ft., \$1.75; 4 to 5 ft., \$2.50.

GILLET'S LEAFY EVER- GREENS

47 Kinds

LONICERA. Honeysuckle

L. pileata. (R.) (S.) 3 ft. Compact shrub; with many very small leaves; graceful drooping habit. Likes the sun but does well in part shade. Prune often. A "best seller," doing well in any position. Potted, 40c, 75c; field grown, 75c to \$1.50.

NERIUM. Oleander

Blooms from late spring until frost. All parts of this plant are poisonous if eaten.
 Single Cherry Red. Double Red. 50c, 75c.

OSMANTHUS. Sweet Olive

Osmanthus aquifolium. 15 ft. (S.) An exceedingly handsome shrub with dark green, shiny, spiny-toothed leaves, like those of English Holly, bearing clusters of exceedingly fragrant, small white flowers. Slow growing and prefers partial shade. 1 ft. to 2 ft., 85c to \$1.50.

RHAMNUS

"R. Crocea ilicifolia". (S.) 6 ft. Small roundish holly like leaves of deep glossy green. In Fall is a mass of small bright red berries. Ideal for hillsides and canyons, as the foliage retains its bright glossy appearance through the driest summers. Balled, 2 to 3 ft., 75c to \$1.75.

UMBELLULARIA

"Umbellularia californica". "California Laurel." California's most beautiful native tree; foliage dark green and aromatic; flowers yellow. 12 to 15 inch, 50c.

VIBURNUM

V. tinus. "Laurustinus." Well known, universally grown, hardy everywhere on this Coast. Splendid winter bloomer, clusters of pinkish white flowers, beginning in December or January, cover the plant all spring, for 5 or 6 months. Fine plants. 50c to \$2.75, the latter bushy field grown specimens, 3 ft.

V. ventricosum. New French variety. 8 ft. Loose spreading shrub, slender stems, glossy, dark green foliage. Flowers in small white clusters, thickly scattered over entire bush. Balled, 2 to 3 ft., \$1.00.

RHODODENDRONS

Rose Bay or Rose Tree
 The Aristocrats of the Garden

These popular shrubs must have an acid soil, partial shade and no spading around the plant. Mulch with peat or leaf mold. If your soil is not acid see directions under Azalea. The demand for this fine plant has prompted offers of small seedling plants in collections. Such plants will disappoint those expecting blooms such as only the finest grafted plants will produce. We offer only grafted stock, in finest reds, pinks, etc. Prices \$3.50 to \$5.00 according to size and form.

Rhododendrons of the Finer Sorts



GILLET'S SHADE TREES

39 Kinds

ASH

Ash. Oregon. A good street tree. Hardy. Grows anywhere. Bare root, 5 to 6 ft., \$1.00; 6 to 8 ft., \$1.25.

MOUNTAIN ASH

"European." Small tree of erect growth. Flowers white, followed by large red berries. Scarlet leaves in autumn. Very handsome at any season. Bare root, 2 to 3 ft., 40c; 3 to 4 ft., 60c; 4 to 6 ft., 85c; 6 to 8 ft., \$1.00. Protect this tree from borers.

BEECH

BEECH. 40 ft. Because of their elegant habit and delicate tracery of foliage these trees adapt themselves to the most ornamental situation. They transplant well with a ball of earth. Tolerates shade.

Riversi. "Rivers Purple Beech." 40 ft. Leaves very dark purple, turning greenish as season advances. Balled. 3 to 4 ft., \$2.25; 4 to 5 ft., \$2.50; 5 to 6 ft., \$2.75.

Copper Beech. Leaves of copper hue. Balled, 2 to 3 ft., \$2.50; 3 to 4 ft., \$2.75.

European Green Leaf. 12 to 15 inch, 50c.

BIRCH

"European White Birch." 30 ft. Spreading tree with gray green foliage and slender branches. As the trees get older the bark becomes white and branches are often pendulous. Bare root, 6 to 8 ft., \$1.25; 4 to 6 ft., \$1.00; 3 to 4 ft., 85c.

"Cutleaf Weeping Birch." Same as European but leaves are deeply cut and branches weep gracefully. An elegant tree on the lawn. Bare roots, 2 to 3 ft., 60c.

CATALPA

Catalpa Speciosa. "Western Catalpa." 30 ft. Hardy tree desirable where winters are cold, stands hard conditions. Very large leaves. Beautiful large white flowers with dark markings. Bare root, 8 to 9 ft., \$1.25; 7 to 8 ft., \$1.00; 6 to 7 ft., 85c; 4 to 6 ft., 75c.

Catalpa Bungei. (Umbrella Tree.) Grows but 6 or 7 feet high with perfectly round shaped top. 2 year heads, 6 ft. stems, \$2.25; 3 year heads, \$2.75.

CHESTNUT

Where they do well, no finer shade tree can be planted. We offer heavy, well branched trees that have borne nuts already. Bare root, 10 to 12 ft., \$3.50 to \$5.00 each. For smaller sizes, see under Nut Trees.

CHINESE ELM

CHINESE ELM

Chinese Elm. Exceedingly rapid growing tree. In dry interior sections, it adapts itself to extremes of heat, cold, drought and alkali. It is the one tree which can be planted almost anywhere and which will be almost certain to succeed. 8 to 10 ft., \$1.25; 6 to 8 ft., 90c; 5 to 6 ft., 65c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c. 10 lots 10% less. Special price on large lots.

HORSE CHESTNUT

Aesculus hippocastanum. "Horse Chestnut." 40 ft. Tree of medium growth with round, symmetrical top; has magnificent spikes of white, sweet-scented flowers. Bare roots, 12 to 15 inch, 25c; 18 to 24 inch, 35c; 2 to 3 ft., 50c; 3 to 4 ft., 85c.

LINDEN

Tilia platyphyllos. "European Linden." A shapely, upright tree. Foliage heart-shaped and light green. Flowers yellow and fragrant. Bare root, 6 to 8 ft., \$1.75; 5 to 6 ft., \$1.25; 4 to 5 ft., \$1.00; 3 to 4 ft., 75c.

T. tomentosa. "Silver Linden." Leaves dark green above, silver beneath, giving whole tree a rich two-toned effect. Very fragrant. Bare roots, 7 to 8 ft., \$2.25.

LOCUST

R. pseudacacia. "Black Locust." A fast grower with spreading top. Foliage light green, flowers white and very fragrant. Very drought resistant. Bare root, 8 to 10 ft., \$1.00; 6 to 8 ft., 85c; 5 to 6 ft., 75c.

MAPLE (Acer)

A. circinatum. "Vine Maple." Handsome round headed small tree or shrub, beautiful with its delicate light green foliage, red flowers, rose-colored fruits and scarlet Fall foliage. Bare roots, 1½ to 2 ft., 50c; 2 to 3 ft., 60c; 3 to 4 ft., 75c.

A. negundo. "California Box Elder." The Ash Leaved maple of rapid growth and drought resistant. Branched. 6 to 8 ft., \$1.50; 8 to 10 ft., \$1.75.

A. platanoides. "Norway Maple." 40 ft. Large round form tree, with dark heavy foliage. Fine for most any situation. 10 to 12 ft., \$2.25; 8 to 10 ft., \$1.25; 6 to 8 ft., \$1.00; 5 to 6 ft., 85c; 3 to 4 ft., 50c.

A. platanoides schwedleri. "Purple-leaf Maple." The most beautiful of the large maples. Buds are brilliant orange; young foliage coppery and mature leaves deeply stained with purple. Bare root, 6 to 8 ft., \$1.50.

Japanese Blood Leaf. (R). (See page 6). Beautiful specimen plant for sun or part shade.

A. Saccharinum. "Silver Maple." Most rapid growing of all maples with large leaves silvery beneath. 3 to 4 ft., 50c; 4 to 5 ft., 65c; 5 to 6 ft., 85c.

A. Saccharum. "Sugar Maple." Of strong growth and fine form. Foliage turns red in fall. 2 to 3 ft., 50c; 3 to 4 ft., 75c; 7 to 8 ft., \$1.75.

MAGNOLIA

M. acuminata. "Cucumber Tree." 30 ft. A good shade tree with large leaves. Fruit like a small pickle. Balled, 5 to 6 ft., \$1.00; 6 to 7 ft., \$1.25; 7 to 8 ft., \$2.50.

MULBERRY

Russian. 30 ft. A round headed tree of quick growth, profuse foliage. Plant in chicken yards for shade and berries. 4 to 5 ft., 50c; 3 to 4 ft., 40c.

WEeping MULBERRY

"Tea's Weeping Mulberry." Very ornamental and of drooping habit. Its long, slender branches fall gracefully to the ground, forming a dense umbrella-shaped head. May be trained over a framework to form a wide roof of green. Excellent for a lawn specimen. Trees headed at 6 and 7 ft. 3 and 4 year heads, \$2.50 to \$3.50 each.

THE OAKS

For long life, stateliness, wide spreading shade and beautiful fall coloring no tree excels the oak.

Chestnut Oak. 100 ft. Makes a beautiful, narrow round-topped tree with light colored bark. Foliage glossy above, silvery beneath, deep red in fall. 6 to 8 ft., \$1.50; 8 to 10 ft., \$2.00; 10 to 12 ft., \$3.00.

*Quercus chrysolepis. "Golden Cup Oak." 40 ft. The finest evergreen oak for specimen planting. Leaves when young holly-like. Forms round head. Acorns borne in yellow moss-like cups. 1½ to 2 ft., 50c; 2 to 3 ft., 85c; 3 to 4 ft., \$1.00; 4 to 5 ft., \$1.75.

Quercus palustris. (Pin Oak). 75 ft. Fastest growing of all the Oaks and easily transplanted; makes a dense, broad pyramidal head, branching horizontally; leaves of the most pleasing shade of green, deeply cut, turning red in Fall; free from insects and other troubles and one of the best shade trees for damp or heavy soils. 2 to 3 ft., 50c; 3 to 4 ft., 75c; 4 to 5 ft., \$1.00; 5 to 6 ft., \$1.25.

POPLAR

Simon. "Flagpole Poplar." Very erect columnar growth; fine foliage. Better than Lombardy Poplar in every way. 8 to 10 ft., 90c; 6 to 8 ft., 75c; 4 to 6 ft., 60c.

Carolina. Fast growing spreading type. 8 to 10 ft., 90c; 6 to 8 ft., 75c.

Chinese. Splendid quick growing shade tree with large dark green leaves. 5 to 6 ft., 85c; 4 to 5 ft., 65c.

Silver. Has maple shaped leaves, bright green above, white beneath, making a striking effect. 5 to 6 ft., 85c; 6 to 7 ft., \$1.00.

PLANE. Sycamore

Plane Oriental. "European Sycamore." 60 ft. Valuable park and avenue tree; grows rapidly into a uniform tree. Foliage bright green, leaves deeply cut. 5 to 6 ft., 75c; 6 to 8 ft., \$1.00; 8 to 10 ft., \$1.25.

SWEET GUM

Liquidambar. 120 ft. Forms large tree, but of slow growth. Leaves star shaped, similar to Maple. The autumn coloring is most gorgeous, surpassing that of any other tree. Specimens, 6 to 8 ft., \$2.50; 8 to 9 ft., \$3.50; 2 to 3 ft., 85c. Safely moved with ball and burlap included in price.

TULIP TREE

Liriodendron. 100 ft. Leaves large, rich green. Flowers handsome, cup-shaped, resembling a Tulip; greenish yellow, marked with orange inside. A magnificent tree. 4 to 5 ft., \$1.50; 5 to 6 ft., \$1.75. Safely moved with ball and burlap, included in price.

WILLOW

Salix babylonica. "Babylon Weeping Willow." 55 ft. A strong, tall-growing willow with pendulous branches. Particularly adapted for waterside planting. Although this variety does not weep as heavily as the Wisconsin Willow, it is more satisfactory where quick height is desired. 6 to 8 ft., \$1.00.

S. blanda. "Wisconsin Weeping Willow." 40 ft. Fast growing tree with long, pendulous, green branches. 6 to 8 ft., \$1.00.

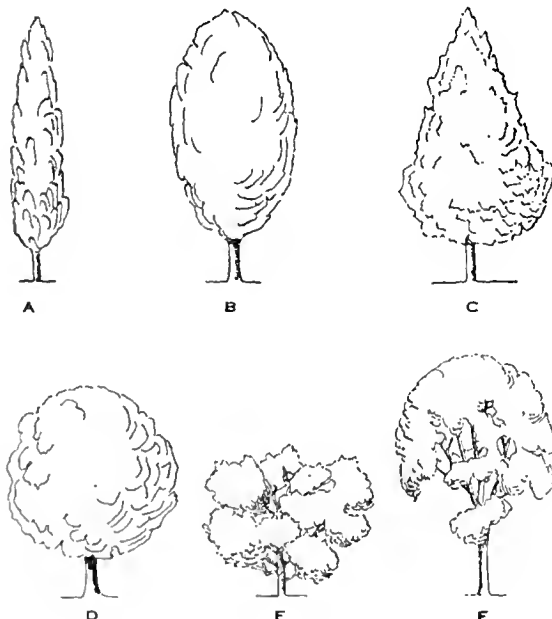
S. niobe. "Golden Weeping Willow." 50 ft. Very pendulous, golden branches. A most attractive type, with bright golden bark and slender lanceolate foliage. 6 to 8 ft., \$1.00.

S. vitellina. "Golden Willow." 40 ft. Tree strong, upright grower; bark yellow, making a striking contrast with other trees. 2 to 3 ft., 25c; 3 to 4 ft., 40c; 4 to 5 ft., 50c.

SELECT YOUR SHADE TREES WITH THIS KEYED SELECTOR

To Aid Your Selection We Give Below
List of Shade Trees With Key Letter:

ASH, Oregon	F
ASH, Mountain	C
BEECH, Purple	D
BIRCH, White	B
CATALPA, Western	E
CATALPA, Bungei	D but very small
CHESTNUT, Silver Leaf	F
CHESTNUT, Fountain	C
ELM, American	F
ELM, Chinese	B
GUM, Sweet	C
HORSE CHESTNUT	C
LINDEN, European	F
LOCUST	E
MAPLE, Vine	E but small
MAPLE, Box Elder	E
MAPLE, Norway	D
MAPLE, Japanese	E but very small
MAPLE, Sugar	F
MAPLE, Silver	D
MULBERRY, Russian	E



OAK, Chestnut	B
OAK, Golden Cup	D
OAK, Pin	C
POPLAR, Simon	A
POPLAR, Carolina	B
POPLAR, Chinese	B
POPLAR, Silver	D
PLANE, European	D
TULIP	B
WILLOW, Weeping	F
WILLOW, Golden	E

VINES AND TRAILERS

❖ 36 Kinds ❖

EVERGREEN

AJUGA

A. Reptans. (R.) Forms close carpet of bronzed purple leaves. Blue flowers, 4 inches high. Best in part shade. Runner plants, 50c dozen; \$3.50 per 100.

CREEPING EUONYMOUS

These evergreen trailers very useful in hanging baskets, window boxes, around rock-work, etc.

E. radicans. "Wintercreeper." Dense growing trailing vine; can be trimmed to form a low border or hedge; clings to stone or wood. Leaves are dark green with white veins; does best in partial shade. 25c to \$1.00.

E. radicans. Variegata. Variety "Little Gem." (R.) A rare variety of above. Useful for dwarf hedge in shade. Foliage edged with creamy white, pinkish tinge in winter. 35c; \$3.00 per 10; 5 inch pots, 50c.

E. radicans kewensis. "Baby Wintercreeper." Has tiny evergreen leaves and a dainty trailing habit. An entrancing little plant for the "Rock Garden," or clipped for miniature edging. Potted, 25c to 50c.

E. radicans vegetus. "Bigleaf Wintercreeper." Trailing evergreen shrub or vine with thick, fleshy stems and leaves and an abundance of red fruit with yellow pods. Potted, 35c, 50c.

HEDERA. Ivy

H. Helix. "English Ivy." 20 to 50 ft. Very dark green, leathery leaves. Old vines have greenish flowers and black berries in clusters. Strong plants, 4-inch pots, 40c each; \$3.00 per 10. Strong plants, 5-inch pots, 50c each; \$4.00 per 10. Rooted runners, 75c dozen.

H. Helix hibernica. "Irish Ivy." Similar to the English Ivy except that the foliage is smaller. Quart containers, 40c to 75c.

H. Helix. "Emerald Gem." A strong growing variety with small leaves, veined white. 25c to 75c.

H. Helix tri-color. Small leaf variety with green and yellow variegated foliage, the edges of which turn red in the fall. Potted, 35c to 75c.

H. Helix dentata aurea. Very large leaf with wide border of gold. Rare and extremely beautiful. Potted, 35c to 75c.

H. Helix maculata minor. A mottled variegated variety with small leaves. Potted, 25c to 75c.

H. Maderensis. "Variegated Algerian Ivy." A new large leaf ivy with light green center and broad margin of creamy white. Edges turn pink in fall and winter. A beauty. To see it is to want it. Potted, 25c to 75c.

JASMINE

J. primulinum. "Primrose Jasmine." Excellent yellow flowering vine, blooming profusely in the summer and very strong growing. 40c

J. Stephanense. New. A hardy hybrid, pink flowered, sweet scented sort. 35c to 75c each.

LONICERA. Honeysuckle

***L. Californica.** 15 ft. Hairy leaves and stems; its berry effects are very pleasing when allowed to run over trees and shrubs. Berries scarlet in clusters. 35c to 75c each.

L. haliana. "Halls Japanese." 15 ft. Evergreen foliage. Flowers white, changing to yellow. Blooms July to late fall. Excellent vine for porch, arbor or ground cover. Hardy. Strong plants, 25c to 75c. To cover banks, use rooted runners, at \$5.00 per 100.

L. implexa. A beautiful new evergreen Honeysuckle. Spreading 2 feet high, 4 feet across. Gray-green leaves. Sweetly fragrant flowers, deep pink, borne over the entire plant during six months of the year. Quite hardy. Sun or part shade. Potted, 50c, 75c.

L. sempervirens. "Red Coral Honeysuckle." Less dense than above variety, with twining grayish green shoots; oval leaves and large showy orange-scarlet flowers; coral berries. 35c to 75c.

L. aureoreticulata. "Yellownet Japanese Honeysuckle." Flower handsomely netted with bright yellow. Potted, 35c, 50c.

DECIDUOUS

Bittersweet. "Oriental Bittersweet." 20 ft. High climbing. Rapid grower. The bright orange seed pods, disclosing their scarlet seeds, are most interesting; they will retain their color on cut and dried branches. Strong plants, 50c. 3 year, 85c.

Ceratostigma plumbaginoides. "Dwarf Plumbago." A low creeping plant covered in late summer and fall with deep blue flowers; fine for borders, beds or as a ground cover. Potted, 15c. Divisions, \$5.00 100.

Clematis. 20 ft. Grand for pillars and trellises, pegged down for bedding and for running over rock-work, old trees and stumps. They delight in rich soil and sun. The large flowering types we list are exceedingly beautiful. Hardy.

C. jackmanni. Large, rich, velvety purple flowers in great profusion. Potted, 75c up.

C. Mme. Edouard Andre. Large, bright red flowers. Potted, 75c up.

C. Baron Veillard. Large pink flowers, 75c up.

C. Ville de Lyon. Velvety red. Large flowers, 75c up.

C. Duchess of Edinburgh. Large double white, 75c up.

VINES and FLOWERING TREES

Trumpet Vine. 30 ft. A robust hardy vine twining tightly with roots along stems. Orange-scarlet flowers cluster at tip of branches. Climbs to great heights on trunks of trees. For every purpose one of the best vines. Strong 3 year, 35c, 50c, 75c.

IVIES

Boston Ivy. 50 ft. Unexcelled climber. Foliage dense and glossy. Furnished with small discs, which adhere to brick, stone or wood, foliage turns red in fall. 35c, 50c and 75c each.

Virginia Creeper. 30 ft. Foliage large, turning scarlet in autumn. Flowers borne on red stalks. Strong 3 yr. plants, 35c, 50c each; \$3.50 per 10.

Ampelopsis heterophylla. "Porcelain Ampelopsis." Leaves variegated cream and usually shining green beneath. Beautiful blue berries. Potted, 60c.

Ampelopsis inconstans lowii. Leaves small, about 1 inch, finely cut, turning bright red. Very pretty where dainty clinging vine is required. Clings to walls. Potted, 60c.

WISTERIA

40 ft. Handsome for use on pergolas, porches and trellises. Attractive foliage, magnificent drooping clusters of pea-shaped flowers. Our grafted plants are taken from flowering plants and are far superior to cheap seedlings.

Wisteria chinensis. "Chinese Wisteria." Flowers light purple-lavender, borne in racemes nearly a foot long, very fragrant. \$1.00 to \$3.00 for specimens.

W. multijuga. "Japanese Wisteria." (Var. Mrs. Goynes.) Long racemes of light lavender flowers borne about two weeks later than Chinese Wisteria, to escape frost damage to blossom buds. Grafted. 2 and 3 year, \$1.00 to \$2.00.

W. multijuga rosea. "Pink Japanese Wisteria." Flowers rose-colored, suffused shell-pink. A very beautiful and rare variety. Grafted. 2 and 3 year, \$1.25 to \$3.00.

W. violacea flore plena. Exceedingly beautiful double variety with violet flowers in long racemes. Grafted. \$1.00 to \$2.00.

SHOWY FLOWERING TREES

ALBIZZIA. Pink Acacia

A. Julibrissin. "Pink Acacia." 30 ft. Handsome shade and avenue tree highly adapted to California conditions. Fine feathery foliage, pink fragrant flowers in great profusion from July to October. Stands winter as far north as Portland, Oregon. 6 to 8 ft., \$1.50 each; 5 to 6 ft., \$1.25 each; 4 to 5 ft., \$1.00.

TREE FORM ROSE ACACIA

Robinia hispida macrophylla. "Pink Flowering Locust or Rose Acacia." Here is one of the showiest and most easily grown small flowering trees that we offer and one which will thrive in almost every section. Top-grafted into heavy stems of Black Locust at a height of seven feet, forming large heads which will eventually become about eight to twelve feet in diameter and which in the spring are a mass of large, brilliant rose-pink flowers which look like a mammoth bouquet of sweet peas. Large strong specimens, 8 to 10 ft. over all, \$2.50 to \$3.75, according to form. 4 to 5 ft., 85c; 5 to 6 ft., \$1.00; 6 to 7 ft., \$1.25; 7 to 8 ft., \$1.75.

FLOWERING PLUM

Prunus blirieana. Semi-double flowers of soft pink borne on long slender branches. Foliage plum-like and heavily tinged with bronze. Bare root, 5 to 6 ft., \$1.00.

P. pissardi. "Purple Leaf Plum." Leaves deep purple in spring, holding purple longer than any other purple leaf tree. Flowers numerous, white-tinted pink. Fruit reddish-purple; can be used for jams. 4 to 6 ft., 75c; 3 to 4 ft., 60c.

P. triloba. A beautiful dwarf tree covered with double ruffled flowers of appleblossom-pink. 2 to 3 ft., 60c; 3 to 4 ft., 75c.

DOGWOODS

Cornus alba sibirica. "Coral Dogwood." 6 ft. Broad in habit with slender, bright coral branches, which add a touch of color to the shrubbery during the winter. Combined with the green-stemmed Kerria, it produces a very pleasing effect. Flowers white, followed by bluish-white fruit. 2 to 3 ft., 50c; 3 to 4 ft., 75c.

Cornus Mas. "Cornelian Cherry." 15 ft. A handsome, large, dense growing shrub or tree, with foliage of graceful shape and pleasing dark green color. Bright yellow flowers borne in great profusion in early spring give way to yellow cherries size of olives. 3 to 4 ft., 50c; 4 to 5 ft., 60c; 5 to 6 ft., 75c.

***Pacific Coast Dogwood.** **Cornus Nuttallii.** Splendid tree or shrub for shady places, with profusion of very large white flowers. The red seeds add to its fall beauty when foliage develops its rich red hues. 5 to 6 ft., \$1.50; balled in burlap. Potted, 50c, 75c.

Pink Flowering Dogwood. **Cornus Florida Rubra.** Deep pink flowers, 2 to 3 inches wide, cover the tree before foliage appears in spring. The most beautiful of the Dogwoods. Bare roots, 1½ to 2 ft., \$1.50; 2 to 3 ft., \$2.00.

REDBUD OR JUDAS TREE FOR SHOWY SPRING COLOR

***Cercis occidentalis.** "California Redbud." 15 ft. An exceedingly showy small tree in early spring when covered with small bright cerise flowers. Easily naturalized in canyon or hillside, growing without care and producing a brilliant effect in the spring. Bushy plants. 12 to 18 inch, 35c; 3 to 4 ft., 85c; 4 to 5 ft., \$1.25.

White. Pure white flowers. European Judas Tree. Plant one with two of California to make effective group. 2 to 3 ft., \$1.00.

HAWTHORNS

Handsome deciduous flowering tree. Of small size and fine habit. The double flowering varieties are a glorious sight in May. If the flowers were inconspicuous, the bright red berries in profusion would warrant planting this tree. Do well in rather dry place.

Paul's Double Scarlet. 15 ft. Flowers deep crimson-scarlet; very double, followed by bright red berries. 1 yr. 2 to 3 ft., 60c; 3 to 4 ft., 85c; 4 to 5 ft., \$1.00; 5 to 6 ft., \$1.25. Bare roots. 2 yr. Balled, 6 to 8 ft., \$1.75.

Crataegus oxyacantha. "Single White Thorn." A cloud of fragrant white bloom in spring; myriads of bright red berries in fall. Bare roots, 2 to 3 ft., 25c; 3 to 4 ft., 40c; 4 to 6 ft., 50c.

***Crataegus douglassii.** (T). 20 ft. Native of Pacific Coast. Has long thorns on shiny reddish twigs. Fruit black, edible. Brilliant fall color of foliage makes it worth planting. 3 to 4 ft., \$1.00.

ERYTHRINA. Coral Tree.

E. cristigalli. 12 ft. Showy tender shrub or tree which blooms throughout the summer. The flowers are large, pea shaped, borne in large clusters and are brilliant crimson. Potted, 40c, 50c, 75c.

JAPANESE FLOWERING CHERRY

Kanzan. Double dark pink. 4 to 5 ft., \$1.25.

Kofugen. Double deep rosy red. 4 to 5 ft., \$1.25.

JAPANESE WEEPING CHERRY

A small graceful tree with drooping branches which often touch the ground. Beautiful single pink blossoms in early spring, appear in great profusion before the foliage. One of the handsomest flowering varieties. A good lawn tree. 5 ft. stems, \$2.50.

FLOWERING PEACH

Double pink and double red. 3 to 4 ft., 60c each; \$5.00 per 10.

*Means native of California. B & B means dug with earth ball, wrapped in burlap.

GILLET'S FILBERT

FILBERT or HAZEL NUT

A Crop
That Pays
the
Grower

READ WHY



BARCELONA FILBERT BRANCH (Darts Show Nut Clusters)

Filbert Prices Higher

Opening prices on 1935 Oregon and Washington filberts have been announced and are on a somewhat different basis than a year ago, Portland being designated as a delivery point, although set prices were established on a delivered basis east.

The Portland price named was 1½ cents a pound below the delivered eastern prices, Spokane was 1 cent above the listed price, with Seattle as well as California points ½ cent above eastern delivery. Portland prices follow:

BARCELONAS

	1935	1934
	—Per Pound—	
Large	15½c	14c
Fancy	14c	12½c
Baby	13c	11½c

DuCHILLYS

Large	17½c	16c
Fancy	16c	14c
Baby	13½c	13c

—Better Fruit Magazine, October, 1935.

Better Fruit Magazine, from which the above were taken, is published at Portland, Ore.; costs \$1.00 per year. They regularly print these timely articles.

Good Year for Nut Men

The 1934 season has been a fairly profitable one for nut growers in the Northwest.

Filberts met with a brisk demand from the first samples received in the markets, and it was necessary to prorate practically all orders. In spite of the large crop of European filberts this season, there was a good demand for the Northwestern nuts in markets along the Atlantic seaboard.

Philadelphia and New York were outstanding in their demand for the domestic crop. Many of the smaller cities of the Middle West ordered a larger quantity of Oregon nuts than in previous seasons. Prices announced at the outset of the season have been maintained, although at one time an advance in the price of the medium grades was considered. The medium priced grades of filberts were in the greatest demand this year and supplies were all but exhausted before the marketing season was well started. The larger sizes of Barcelonas and DuChilly's continue to move from the wholesalers but at a slower rate. Prices this season are as follows:

BARCELONAS

	Per Lb.
Large	14c
Fancy	12½c
Baby	11½c

DuCHILLYS

Large	16½c
Fancy	14½c
Baby	12½c

—Better Fruit Magazine, January, 1935.



BARCELONA IN BLOOM

HOW THE FILBERT BLOOMS AND IS POLLINATED

No variety of filbert is entirely self-pollenizing. That is, it will bear very few nuts unless fertilized with the pollen of another variety. The BARCELONA variety is no exception, it must be cross pollinated. There are several methods of accomplishing this. It has been proven by scientific experiment at the Oregon Agricultural College Experiment Station that varieties which we indicate with a star (*) will pollinate the Barcelona. Experience has shown, however, that it is best not to depend on any one pollinizer. Owing to the peculiar blooming habits of the filbert, a known good pollinizer will fail one year and act favorably the next. This is particularly true in some districts. Therefore we advise the planting of several pollinating varieties in every commercial planting.

METHODS OF POLLENIZING

(A) Plant solid to Barcelona. After third year top, graft one limb of each tree to Nottingham or White Aveline. Then put in grafts scattered through the planting of DuChilly, Daviana, White Aveline, Cosford, Gross Ronde; either several or all, to extent of ten assorted pollenizers per hundred of Barcelona. We will furnish grafting wood of these varieties.

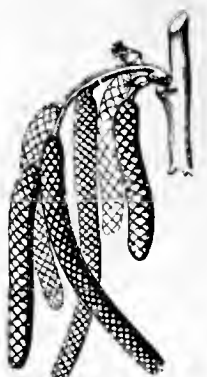
(B) Use 11% assorted pollenizers scattered through the planting as shown above, to every hundred Barcelona. Every third tree in every third row planted to a pollinator is 11%. This method cuts down the number of Barcelona trees per acre and yield will probably be less than by first plan.

(C) Is a combination of the two methods above.

Flowers of The Filbert

Upper, pistillate.
Lower, staminate.

Blooming habits of the Filbert are unlike fruit trees, in that after blooming the tree continues dormant. Until May, four months after blooming only are the nuts visible, being protected from killing frosts within the pistillate bud.



● WHEN AND WHERE TO PLANT

¶ Filberts will produce heavily in rather poor soil, but trees will be larger and nuts more plentiful on good soils. They will be profitable on rocky ledgy ground but they must have adequate moisture under any conditions. In California, a Northwest or Northeast exposure would be best, but they will succeed in other exposures. The planting should have good air drainage, where heavy frosts occur in early Spring. Thus an elevated site is to be preferred. Plant from December 15th to March 15th; the earlier the better. The coast counties of California have ideal conditions for this nut, also the Sierra foothills and mountain locations generally. Some places in the great central valley of California and in Southern California they are doing well; other plantings there have been less successful. Since this nut tree promises so well, you should make at least a trial planting this season and we make special offers for such. See page 13. They will produce well in the shade of larger trees such as Walnut, Pecan, Chestnut, thus can be used as interplants. Such combinations are advised for hot valley locations.

● WHY YOU SHOULD PLANT BARCELONA FILBERTS

¶ The name Barcelona is known to dealers and buyers. It is to filberts what Franquette is to walnuts; Navel to oranges; Baldwin to apples and Ivory to soaps. To be the producer of a well known brand is a distinct advantage of the grower. (Note market quotations above.)

¶ They have been tried and proven for many years. The quality is good. The growth healthy and strong—they make a large tree. Yield is heavy, with few culls. They are self-husking, the bulk of the crop falls free to ground ready for harvest. DuChilly and other long husk varieties do not have this feature.

● RESULTS TO EXPECT

¶ While the Barcelona will bear nuts the first year in the nursery row, it cannot produce many pounds until the fourth to sixth year after planting. It should pay costs by that time and from then on natural increase will show profits. In the 10th year a conservative estimate of yield would be 1000 lbs. per acre and in well situated groves it will be higher. A reasonable average on mature trees of 20 lbs. each will total over one ton per acre and based on average price and costs, means net of about \$200.00 per acre. When prices return to normal the profits will increase sharply. A 2000 lb. yield per acre at normal prices will show \$250.00 profit per acre with cost of 6c per lb.



METHOD OF DIS-BUDDING

Dis-Budding for Tree Form

Maximum Yields will result from training to tree form, with single stem branching at 12 inches or higher. Careful dis-budding of sucker buds at planting time and removal of suckers as they appear for a few years will allow branches to make nice shaped trees. Engraving at left shows dis-budding method.

Good Yields will result from the bush form allowing four or five shoots to grow from root crown. Do not dis-bud for bush form.

PLANNING SERVICE



Original Filbert Tree—Over 60 Years Old
Still Standing on Our Grounds

Filbert Varieties

Barcelona. The best commercial variety; introduced and named by Felix Gillet. Our plants are therefore genuine, being direct from the original mother tree. Its value for the grower of market nuts lies in its heavy yield, large size, good appearance, strong growth and disease resistance. The nuts are not retained in the husks. All drop to the ground over a period of three weeks during September. One inch broad by 3/4-inch thick. Round or nearly so, color brown, bright and handsome. Borne singly and in clusters of two to six. Will bear well in part shade.

***DuChilly.** Large, over 1 inch long by 3/4-inch broad, flattened. Excellent quality, good bearer. It pollinizes Barcelona and is pollinized by Barcelona, Nottingham and Daviana.

***Daviana.** Nut large, roundish oblong, excellent quality. One of the best pollinizers for Barcelona and DuChilly.

***White Aveline.** Medium size, fair bearer. Quality very high. Fine pollinizer.

Noce Lunghe. The largest of all. One inch long by 7/8-inch wide. Good quality, fair bearer. Said to be pollinized by Nottingham.

Purple Leaf Aveline. A beautiful ornamental variety. 75c to \$1.25 each.

***Nottingham.** Probably the best pollinator for Barcelona and DuChilly. 50c and 75c each.

*These varieties will pollinize Barcelona and will be sold only in connection with Barcelona.



FELIX GILLET

Who Introduced and Named
the Barcelona Filbert

PLANTING AND CULTURE OF FILBERTS

DISTANCE APART TO PLANT

On good soils, plant 20 to 25 feet apart. On poorer soil 16 to 18 feet. Either square or triangular planting is satisfactory. For windbreaks or hedge-rows, 6 to 10 feet apart.

To find number of plants required per acre, divide 43,560 by number of square feet each plant occupies. EXAMPLE: 20x20 square, 400 sq. ft. Dividing 43,560 by 400 gives 109, which is number of trees per acre when each tree stands at corners of a square. Planted at three points of an equilateral triangle, takes 15% more trees.

FOR GOOD CROPS

Plant our original strain **BARCELONA** trees with proper pollenizers as indicated elsewhere.

FOR GOOD GROWTH

Plant carefully with root-crown not over 3 inches below surface. Leave basin for irrigating.

FOR GOOD HEALTH

Mix one-half to one pound **BONE MEAL** with soil that goes about the roots. Later Apply 1/4 to 1/2 pound, according to size of tree, of Nitrate of Soda or Sulphate of Ammonia, in two applications. First, as buds are starting; second, 3 weeks later. Hoe in or scatter over root area.

FOR SAFETY

Shade stem of your tree with **YUCCA TREE PROTECTORS** (see page 16 for prices) or by two thin boards, V fashion, southwest side.

FOR GOOD CULTIVATION

Irrigate in basin directly over roots the first two years and cultivate regularly. Plant early in spring as possible. Plant cover crops suitable to your location. (See your County Agent about same.)

SOILS FOR FILBERTS

They will grow in most any soil, shallow or deep, as they are shallow rooted. Best results are obtained on soils that are not heavily acid, but a slight acidity is not harmful. Use the **TESKIT**, a valuable outfit for testing soils for acidity or alkalinity. \$2.00 POSTPAID.

WHY TRANSPLANTED LAYER PLANTS ARE BEST

Perpetuation of a species by layers is a natural method. Limbs bent to the ground by wind or storm take root. While natural grafts do occur, they are freaks of nature. **LAYER GROWTHS ARE TRUE TO VARIETY FROM ROOT TO TOP** and if anything happens to the top the root-crown will soon replace the damage by new sprouts. Graftage practiced on seedlings subjects the graft to all the weaknesses of the root and the danger of worthless type sprouts from below the graft union. European growers with the experience of centuries use only layer trees; groves 250 years old are still producing nuts in Italy. **OUR ORIGINAL STRAIN OF TRANSPLANTED BARCELONA FROM LAYERS IS BEST FOR YOUR PLANTING.**

PRICE LIST OF FILBERT TREES

Our trees are all propagated from the **ORIGINAL BARCELONA MOTHER TREE WHICH STILL STANDS ON OUR GROUNDS.** Our prices for these trees are very reasonable. When you make comparison, keep quality and not price in mind. **YOU CANNOT GET BETTER TREES THAN OURS.** All are low branched.

	Caliper		1 to 4	5 to 29	30 to 109
3 yr., 5 to 6 ft., Heavy	1/16 in. up	Per each	\$1.00	\$.85	\$.75
3 yr., 4 to 5 ft.	1/2 to 11/16 in.	Per each	.75	.60	.50
2 yr., 3 to 4 ft.	7/16 to 1/2 in.	Per each	.60	.45	.37 1/2
2 yr., 2 to 3 ft.	5/16 to 7/16 in.	Per each	.50	.35	.27 1/2
2 yr., 1 1/2 to 2 ft.	1/4 to 5/16 in.	Per each	.40	.25	.22 1/2

Above prices for Barcelona variety only. DuChilly and all pollinators except as noted 10c per tree higher. All our trees are low branched to protect base of tree from hot sun, heavily rooted and graded by caliper. Roots are what count.

SPECIAL OFFER FOR TRIAL PLANTINGS

2-Yr. Trees	Transportation PREPAID to 4th Parcel Post Zone.	2-Yr. Trees
Offer No. 1.	18 Barcelona, 2 Pollenizers 1 1/2 to 2 ft.	\$6.55
Offer No. 2.	9 Barcelona, 1 Pollenizers 1 1/2 to 2 ft.	3.75
Offer No. 3.	4 Barcelona, 1 Pollenizers 1 1/2 to 2 ft.	2.10
Offer No. 4.	18 Barcelona, 2 DuChilly 2 to 3 ft.	7.75
Offer No. 5.	9 Barcelona, 1 DuChilly 2 to 3 ft.	4.00
Offer No. 6.	9 Barcelona, 1 DuChilly 3 to 4 ft.	4.95
Offer No. 7.	4 Barcelona, 1 DuChilly 3 to 4 ft.	2.65

Offers Nos. 1, 2 and 3 comprise trees, sufficient commercial fertilizer, tree protector for each tree and planting directions. **Postpaid to 4th zone.**

Offers Nos. 4, 5, 6 and 7 comprise trees, tree protector for each tree and planting directions. **Postpaid to 4th zone.**

No changes can be made in above offers.

1-YEAR BARCELONA—NOT TRANSPLANTED

To large planters who want low-cost trees we offer this year, 1-year whip trees (see cut at right) of Barcelona only, in large lots only. Well rooted.

	100	500
1 1/2 to 2 ft.	\$19.00	\$ 90.00
2 to 3 ft.	23.00	110.00



2-YR. BARCELONA IN NURSERY
(Arrows Show the Nuts)

DuCHILLY

BARCELONA



YEARLING BARCELONA

Chestnuts For Profit and Home Use

News! News!

Owing to short crop and prior orders, we are unable to offer our complete line of grafted chestnuts this season. We have, however, for the **first time a limited quantity of the government-introduced blight resistant Mollissima chestnut** that holds such great promise for those parts of the country that are prevented from growing chestnuts on account of the bark disease.

It is thought that the United States Department of Agriculture will release within a few years varieties of the Mollissima species that have been proved blight-immune or highly blight resistant. By planting the Mollissima which we offer now, you will be in a position to top-graft them to the **new government varieties**, thus being in the front on the profits that will surely accrue to forward-looking growers. **Place your orders early**, for the supply is limited. We will cold-store your orders for late delivery if cash accompanies the order.

We will contract for any quantity of Grafted trees for 1936-37 delivery, but order must be in before March 1st. Write for special prices.



PLANT CHESTNUTS

For Heavy and Regular Bearing

Requiring but occasional pruning, no spraying, no propping, no ladder climbing—the Chestnut is produced at **very low costs**. After the tree has been in three or four years no pruning is necessary. Let it grow naturally. Old trees should have the bushy growth removed from inside every four or five years. According to age yields of **2000 to 5000 pounds per acre may be expected**. At a minimum price of 10c per pound, the cash return will run from \$200 to \$500 per acre. Chestnuts bloom in June and **are never injured by frost**.

HOW TO PLANT AND GROW THE CHESTNUT

Where to Plant—This is a regular mountain tree and in the Sierra Nevada Mountains wherever the Black Oak is found will be ideal conditions. They are also at home in the Valleys and are doing well near the coast. Immense trees can be expected on the deep, heavy soils. They take kindly to adobe.

How to Plant—On heavy, rich soil plant 60x60 feet. Poorer land 50x50, or if space is limited, 40x40. The chestnut requires plenty of light and air. Sixty feet between the rows and 30 feet apart in the row is the best plan. This takes 24 trees to the acre. Take out every other tree in row before they crowd. This plan allows inter-cropping of the wide row for a number of years. Seedling trees may be used for the interplants.

Soils—The chestnut does best on soils that are slightly acid, deep and fertile. This tree can not be expected to resist Oak Root fungus.

Cross-Pollination—More than one variety should be planted, both for benefits of cross-pollination and to lengthen out the harvest season. Our Quercy and French Marron varieties have an abundance of pollen.

Cost to Plant—60x60 ft. square method takes 12 trees. Triangle method, 14 trees per acre, which costs only \$7.00 to \$15.00 per acre for grafted trees.

WE RECOMMEND

All varieties listed for California; with preference to Quercy and French Marrons for coast counties.

All varieties listed, for Eastern states and Pacific Northwest, except QUERCY, which may, however, be used as a pollinizer.

Planting—Dig holes 2x2 feet all around. With sharp knife remove broken roots and cut ends of all roots to sound wood. Remove all buds below ground-line. Plant tree not deeper than before. Use only top soil (well firmed with ball of foot) about the roots. Tie tree firmly to stake soon as planted. Set stake while planting to avoid driving it into roots. Cut back whip trees one-half and allow one strong shoot to grow to six feet where it may be headed. Branched trees cut back to 3 or 4 branches and head in branches to 3 buds from trunk. Encourage growth to one central leader. Let grow naturally. **DON'T TRAIN TO VASE FORM**. Shade trunk for first few years with Yucca Tree Protectors (see page 16) or two thin boards.

Irrigation—When well established they will bear bountifully without irrigation. If water is available, **irrigation should be practiced**. Heavy irrigation followed by cultivation three weeks before nuts begin to fall is highly desirable, to loosen nuts from burr.

CHESTNUT PRICES

The trees offered below are from seed taken from grafted trees and come quite true to type, though some may be inferior. These latter can be top-grafted to the superior sorts. The largest size (8-ft.) trees bore nuts in 1934 and 1935. Seedling trees, the type of ours, may produce valuable new kinds.

Caliper in Inches	Height	Each	Per 10	Per 100
1½ inch and up—				
8 ft. and up branched.....		\$3.50	\$32.50	
11/16 to ¾ inch—				
5 ft. and up branched.....	.75		6.00	\$50.00
½ to 11/16 inch—				
4 ft. and up branched.....	.60		5.00	40.00
¾ to ½ inch—				
3 ft. and up branched.....	.50		4.00	30.00
¼ to ¾ inch—				
2 ft. and up branched.....	.40		3.00	20.00
3/16 to ¼ inch—				
1½ ft. and up branched...	.30		2.00	15.00

Five of different varieties at 10 rate. 30 at 100 rate. We grade chestnuts by caliper as some grow short and stocky. It is better to plant more than one variety, so as to get benefit of cross-pollination.

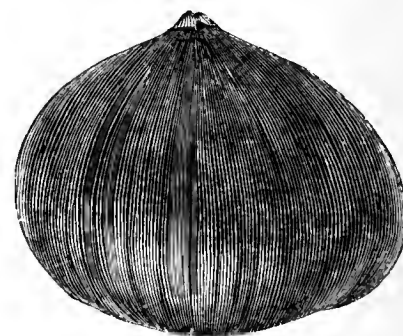
French Marron—These are seedlings of the Quercy, one of the best of the large Marrons. Regular bearers of large, fine nuts. They do well under California conditions and are best for planting in Coastal counties.

Italian or Spanish—These are seedlings of the European chestnut. While not so large as the Marron type, they bear good quality nuts of fair size and do well under severe conditions.

Hybrid—These are from our Large American Sweet variety. Trees of this type are likely to produce fine new sorts. Most of them drop free from burrs and are of sweet taste, with smoother skin on the kernel.



Chestnut Trees in
Nursery Row



BOONE

Boone. Medium large size. Ripens early. Bears early and abundantly. A Japanese-American Hybrid of fine quality. This nut peels easily, keeps well, and does well under both valley and mountain conditions. **4 to 6 ft. size only this season**, and priced \$1.25 each; \$10.00 per 10.

THE BLIGHT-RESISTANT MOLLISSIMA

Mollissima—Known as "Chinese Hairy Chestnut," and bears quite young. Nuts large, good quality, with easily peeled skin. It is more blight-resistant than any other species. Is much in demand and present **supply very limited**. Place orders early, please. Two sizes only, as follows:

Caliper	Each	10	100	1000
¼ to ¾ inch.....	.50	\$4.00	\$37.50	\$300.00
¾ to ½ inch.....	.75	5.00	40.00	325.00

NOTE: Mollissima, 5 at 10 rate, 50 at 100 rate, 500 at 1000 rate.

THE FELIX GILLET NURSERY

Amount Enclosed

Date_____193

When to be shipped

SOLD TO.....

P. O. ADDRESS

How to be Shipped

CITY..... STATE.....

Express-Freight-Mail

COUNTY

SHIP TO

ADDRESS

To be filled in only if Shipping Point is different from Postoffice Address

If any item is out of stock, may we substitute? Write Yes or No.....

The Felix Gillet Nursery will exercise care to have all stock true to name, nevertheless it is understood and agreed that should any stock prove untrue to name, the Felix Gillet Nursery shall be liable only for the sum paid for the stock which may prove untrue, and shall not be liable for any greater amount. The Felix Gillet Nursery book all orders with the understanding that same shall be void should injury befall the stock from flood, drought, frost or other causes beyond their control. All orders travel at risk of purchaser.

[illegible]

[illegible]

FRUIT TREES

PRICES ON ALL FRUIT TREES

Either of One Kind or in Assortment
(Except as noted)

Standard 4 to 6 Ft. Size

1 to 10.....	\$0.50
11 to 49.....	.40
50 to 300.....	.35

Write for special prices on 300 or more or other kinds than listed.

This list of fruit trees has been selected for Home use and are all splendid sorts.

Apple

Banana—Yellow with red blush. Late fall. Youngest bearer of all.

Jonathan—Red. Late fall. Early bearer and productive.

Red Delicious—Early winter. A fine eating apple. Productive.

Red Astrachan—July. Early bearer, good cropper. Does well in interior valleys.

Red Rome Beauty—Red. Winter. Best for baking. Blooms late. Early bearer.

Yellow Newtown Pippin—Late winter. A fine keeper, cooker, shipper, producer.

Gravenstein—Red striped. Fall. Excellent quality.

Winesap—Red. Late winter. Latest keeper of all. Good for all uses.

Apricot. Moorpark, Blenheim. The two finest quality Apricots.

Cherry. Royal Ann, Black Tartarian, Bing. These cherries do best when planted together. Black for eating. Royal Ann for canning.

Fig. Black Mission. Kadota White.

Nectarines. Boston. Orange flesh. Freestone.

Peach

Elberta—Yellow freestone. August. Canning.

Hales Early—White freestone. July. Best early eating peach.

J. H. Hale—Large yellow freestone. August. Canning or eating.

Salway—Yellow. September. Best late variety.

Foster—Yellow freestone. Crawford type, but better in every way. Mid-season.

Heath Cling—White. For home canning and pickling. Very finest flavor. September.

Strawberry Cling. September. White of exquisite flavor.

Pear. On French roots.

Bartlett, late summer. Beurre Bosc, early winter. Winter Nelis.

Persimmon. Hachiya, very large bright red. 4 to 6 ft., \$1.25.

Plums. Santa Rosa. July. Reddish color. Sprightly fine flavor.

Satsuma. Late. Large round. Skin and flesh red.

Pomegranate. Variety wonderful. Very large and juicy.

Prune. French. Large size drying prune or to can.

Quince. Smyrna. Excellent quality.

ALMOND

	Each	10	50 to 100
4 to 6 ft. per each.....	\$.50	\$.40	\$.35
Varieties—Drake and Nonpareil, which should be planted together.			

BEECHNUTS

European. Makes handsome shade or ornamental tree. Does best in rather loose dry soil. Shade the young tree until well established. Potted, 50c, 75c each. For purple leaf variety, see page 10.

BUTTERNUTS

Juglans cinerea. The good old butternut so many of us remember gathering in our youth. Makes a good shade tree. 1 to 1½ ft., 35c., 1½ to 2 ft., 50c; 2 to 3 ft., 75c.

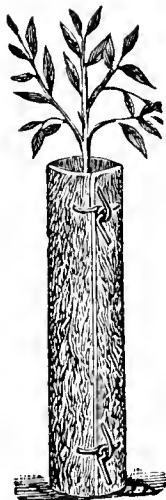
PECANS

If Interested, Write for Prices

HICKORY NUTS

Shagbark. The sweetest nuts of all. Makes stately tree. Small plants 25c each. Hickory nuts to eat, 25c lb.; 10 lbs., \$2.00. Postpaid to Fourth Zone.

FREE
YUCCA
TREE
GUARD



WITH
EACH
FRUIT
TREE

Fruit trees need protection from sun-scald, rabbits, etc. Knowing our customers will appreciate this innovation, we send, without extra cost, a tree guard with each fruit tree.

JUJUBE

A small deciduous tree. Fruit 1½ to 2 inches in diameter. Excellent eaten fresh, but best way is to cook in sugar syrup and allow it to dry, when it becomes a delicious confection equal to the date.

Never fails to produce a large crop; begins to bear early. Fairly hardy. 3 to 4 ft., \$1.25 each.

Lang. Large pear-shaped fruit, 1½ to 2 inches long. Produces a great abundance of fruit and often bears the first year after planting.

Walnuts, Pecans, Other Nuts

WALNUTS



FRANQUETTE

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
6 to 8 ft.....	\$1.25	\$11.50	\$100.00
4 to 6 ft.....	1.00	9.50	90.00

5 at 10 rate; 50 at 100 rate.

Grafted on two-year Northern California Black roots.

Vrooman Franquette. Very hardy, late blooming. Very large handsome nut of extra fine quality, commanding 5 cents per pound premium. Resists blight. Thomas Black (see below) and San Jose Mayette will pollinate Franquette.

Payne. Not so hardy as above. Bears young and heavily. A quality nut and profitable where it does well. Is subject to blight, yet highly profitable commercially.

Eureka. Nut large, oblong and of good appearance. Shell medium thick, very well sealed; withstands handling well. Kernel of good quality. The tree attains large size, and is a good cropper. A late bloomer.

Mayette. Nuts large, roundish, broad at base. Shell thin, kernel full, sweet and rich. A regular heavy bearer. Blooms earlier than Franquette, but later than Payne.

GILLET'S Select FRUIT TREES, GRAPE VINES, and BERRY PLANTS

Walnuts and Other Nuts GARDEN ROOTS

Asparagus. MARY WASHINGTON. New. Rust resistant and extra good quality. Dozen, 35c; 50, 95c; 100, \$1.70.

Rhubarb. We sell divisions only, which are far superior to cheap seedling plants, sometimes called whole root.

Embree Cherry. A new tender and extra fine quality rhubarb. Divisions. Each, 25c; six, \$1.25; dozen, \$2.25.

BERRY PLANTS

Postpaid to Fourth Zone

Write for prices on large lots.

Blackberry. CORY THORNLESS. Each, 15c; six, 60c; dozen, \$1.00; 50, \$3.50; 100, \$6.00.

Currants. CHERRY. FAYS PROLIFIC. Each, 25c; six, \$1.25; dozen, \$2.00; 50, \$7.50; 100, \$12.50.

Gooseberry. OREGON CHAMPION. Largest and best sort. Does not mildew. Each 25c; six, \$1.25; dozen, \$2.00; 50, \$7.50; 100, \$12.50.

Loganberry. IMPROVED. Each, 15c; six, 60c; dozen, \$1.00; 50, \$3.50; 100, \$6.00.

Raspberry. CUTHBERT RED. Each, 10c; six, 35c; dozen, 60c; 50, \$1.70; 100, \$3.00.

Raspberry. BLACK CAP. Each, 10c; six, 50c; dozen, 85c; 50, \$2.75; 100, \$5.00.

Raspberry. ST. REGIS. Everbearing red. Each, 10c; six, 50c; dozen, 85c; 50, \$2.75; 100, \$5.00.

Strawberry. KLONDIKE. BLAKEMORE. Dozen, 25c; 50, 65c; 100, \$1.10.

PROGRESSIVE. Everbearing. Dozen, 30c; 50, \$1.00; 100, \$1.75.

MASTODON. Large. Superior. Everbearing. Dozen, 30c; 50, \$1.00; 100, \$1.75.

Youngberry. A cross between Phenomenal and Dewberry. Superior to either. Large, juicy, sweet. Heavy bearer. Each, 15c; six, 60c; dozen, \$1.00; 50, \$3.50; 100, \$6.00.

Boysenberry. New. Each, 30c; six, \$1.50; dozen, \$2.75; 50, \$8.50; 100, \$18.00.

GRAPES

Grapes. For home use. No. 1 grade. Each 15c; six, 75c; dozen, \$1.25.

Listed in order of ripening:

Black Hamburg	Olivette Blanche
Ribier	Black Cornichon
Red Malaga	Thompson Seedless
Muscat	

American Grapes. CONCORD, black. NIAGARA, white. Both high quality. Fine for arbors. Hardy. No. 1. Each, 20c; six, \$1.15; dozen, \$1.75.

GRAFTED BLACK WALNUTS

Thomas. Cracks out the meat in whole or large pieces. Nut and kernel large, excellent quality. Abundant and early bearer. 6 to 8 ft., \$1.50 each; \$13.50 per 10; \$110.00 per 100. Grafted on Northern California or Eastern Black Roots. Thomas is rated as good pollenizer for Franquette.

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA BLACK

WALNUT SEEDLINGS

	Each	5 to 10	50 to 100
4 to 6 ft., per each.....	\$.50	\$.45	\$.30
3 to 4 ft., per each.....	.40	.35	.25

CHESTNUT SEED

We Offer Nuts Ready for Planting
Postpaid to Fourth Zone

	Per lb.	10 lbs.	50 lbs.
ITALIAN75c	\$6.00	35c

WALNUT SEED

	10 Lbs. Postpaid to Fourth Zone	50 lbs.	100 lbs.
NORTH CALIF. BLACK.....	\$1.00	\$2.50	\$4.00

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PARAPIN WAX

This wax when applied hot in a thin coat to grafting wood both before and after placing in the tree, will enable you to get near perfect results.

FOR RODENTS AND BORERS. Protects trees from these injuries and consequent loss.

FOR NUT TREES. Coat the entire top of trees when received from the nursery, your losses the first year will be reduced to a minimum.

PARAPIN WAX, ORANGE. Melting point 150/155° F. Postpaid: 1-lb. bars, 60c; 5 lbs., 55c lb.; 10 lbs., 50c lb.; 25-lb. pail, 45c lb. 1 lb. coats about 100, 3 to 4 ft. trees.

YUCCA PROTECTORS

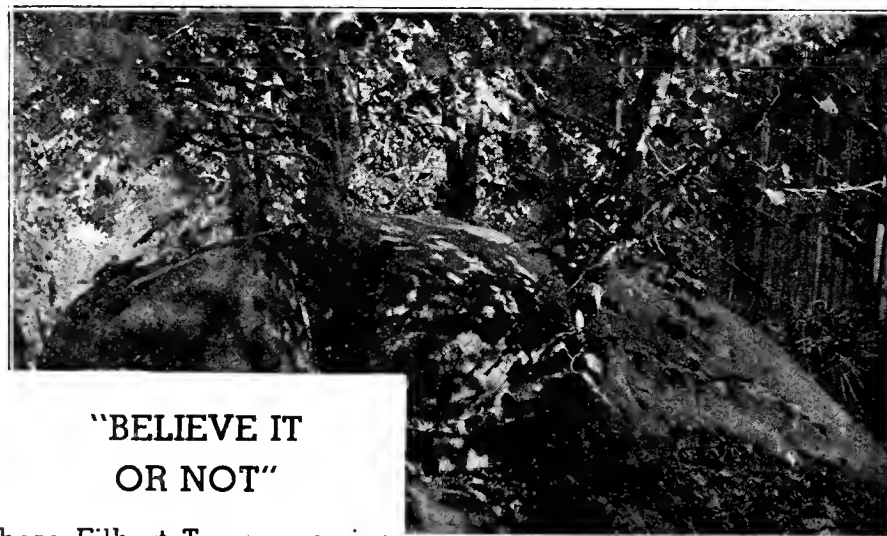


Save your trees from rabbits, borers, sun scald. Not affected by rain. Wire cannot girdle tree as it simply joins the edges of protector as shown.

Weight		per	
Length		100	
30-in.	22 lbs.	\$2.50	\$22.00
24-in.	18 lbs.	2.00	17.50
18-in.	11 lbs.	1.75	14.00
16-in.	10 lbs.	1.50	13.00
14-in.	10 lbs.	1.30	12.00
12-in.	9 lbs.	1.20	11.00
10-in.	8 lbs.	1.10	10.00
Lots of 50 take 1/2 100 rate plus 20%.			

If wanted by Parcel Post, add postage from Los Angeles to your point. Shipping weights shown above. Plus 3% tax if in California.

NEWS PUBLISHING CO. SACRAMENTO



"BELIEVE IT
OR NOT"

These Filbert Trees, growing in crevice of this boulder, produce nuts every year.

THE FELIX GILLET NURSERY

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CALIFORNIA

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